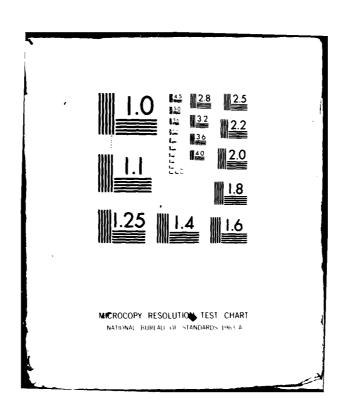
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OF THE

LIMATIONS RELATED TO WAREHOUSE CONTROLLED DOCUMENTS

AT THE

NAVY PUBLICATIONS AND FORMS CENTER, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

VOLUME 1

PHASE I FINAL REPORT



APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED

STERLING SYSTEMS, INCORPORATED 1749 OLD MEADOW ROAD McLean, Virginia 22102



Baseline Description and Analysis

Operations Related to Warehouse Controlled Documents at the

Navy Publications and Forms Center, Philadelphia, Pa.

Fransy Ivania.

Volume I. Phase I.

9) Final rept. Oct 78-Mar 80.

Phase I Final Report

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Prepared for:

Computer Science and Information Systems Division

David W. Taylor Naval Ship Research and Development Center

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Sterling Systems, Incorporated 1749 Old Meadow Road McLean, Virginia 22102

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ment Supply, Document Distribution, Document Char	racteristics, baseline
Pescription, Operations Costs.	
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20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)	
This study documents a baseline description and	analysis of operations at
the Navy Publications and Forms Center (NPFC) as	sociated with the management
of warehouse controlled documents. The study wa	s conducted in two phases.
OT MREDITORIO CONTESTORIO COMPANION CONTESTORIO	<u> </u>
Phase I (documented in Volume I) focused on: fun	ctional description of NPFC

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operations, estimation of demand for NPFC services by document and customer

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categories, analysis of procurement activities, and description of the physical characteristics of the stocked documents.

Phase II (documented in Volume II) focused on: development of the cost and volume estimates for NPFC and printing support operations, estimation of the number of line items stocked by NPFC by document category, geographic distribution of document demand, document cancellations and disposal activities, and NPFC interface with Document Preparing Activities.

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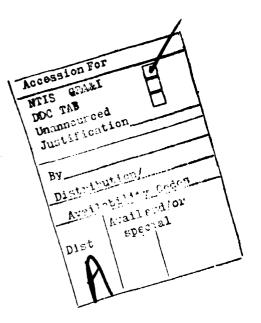


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1.0 INTRODUCTION/BACKGROUND

The Naval Publications and Forms Center (NPFC), Philadelphia, Pa. is an active operating field activity under the auspices of the Commander, Naval Supply Systems Command. It is a tenant activity located on the Aviation Supply Office (ASO) Compound and is one of eight Department of Defense activities. NPFC occupies approximately 46,000 square feet of administrative space (Building 26) and 760,000 square feet of warehouse space in five buildings (Buildings 5,6,7,8 and 26), one of which is the largest single depository for classified material in the Navy.

NPFC's basic mission is to perform inventory management functions for Navy publications and forms; stock, issue and initially distribute Navy and Department of Defense printed matter, and perform other functions as may be assigned by the Commander, Naval Supply Systems Command. The following categories of documents are stocked by NPFC:

- COG JI Publications
- COG 1I Forms
- Navy and Marine Corps Recruiting Aids
- Military Specifications*
- Military Standards*
- Navy Instructions and DOD Directives*
- Data Item Descriptions (DIDs)*
- Qualified Products Lists (QPLs)*
- Federal Specifications*
- Federal Standards*
- Industry Standardization Documents*
- International Standardization Documents*
- Military Handbooks*
- NAVAIR Technical Directives*

^{*}Warehouse Controlled Items

As part of its overall mission, NPFC is responsible for performing the following functions:

- a. Serving as the Inventory Control Point (ICP) for publications and forms, determining publications and forms systems material stockage and funding requirements and providing budget justifications as necessary.
- b. Processing customer request for documents.
- c. Recommending levels of supply and initiating procurement actions as required.
- d. Preparing, distributing, and maintaining shipboard load and allowance lists as directed.
- e. Serving as project manager in the administration of Navy Stock Fund allocations received for financing the procurement of Navy Stock Account material
- f. Compiling necessary data and submitting required financial and statistical reports, including NSA stores returns summarizing certain transactions on a system-wide basis.
- g. Reviewing reports from consumer activities regarding the physical characteristics of NPFC controlled material and recommending to sponsoring commands and offices the changing of specifications to improve the quality of this material.
- h. Establishing standards, when required, for the preservation, packing, packaging, marking and storage of assigned material.
- Recommending appropriate printed matter for addition to, or deletion from, the Naval Publications and Forms Center controlled segment of the Navy Supply System.

- j. Preparing continuity of operations and mobilization plans for the segment of the Navy Supply System over which cognizance is exercised; also determining mobilization requirements in coordination with appropriate commands and offices.
- k. Maintaining continuing liasion, including field service visits with user activities, stocking activities, commands, bureaus and offices of Department of Navy, Department of Defense, and other Federal Agencies to promote the support effectiveness of the Naval Publications and Forms Center controlled material.
- 1. Performing all cataloging functions for indices related to materials managed.
- m. Distributing Department of Defense printed matter as assigned.
- n. Serving as carrying point for COG "11" forms and as Single Stock
 Point for Cognizance OI Publications, DOD Standardization Documents,
 (Navy) Departmental Directives and NAVAIR Technical Directives for
 issue to Navy, Department of Defense, Other U.S. Government Agencies
 and other approved users.
- o. Serving as carrying point of local forms for First, Third, and Fourth Naval Districts.
- p. Serving as an outfitting assembly point, as assigned, for publications required for commissioning or reactivation of vessels, squadrons, groups, and wings.
- q. Receiving and processing requistions for support of authorized Military Assistance Program and other foreign government requirements for assigned printed matter.
- r. Processing Freedom of Information and Cash Sales requests channeled through commands, bureaus, and offices of the Department of the Navy and those received directly from the general public.

- s. Arranging for contiguous activities for material movement via all modes of transportation to world-wide destinations, including all DOD activities and commercial users in accordance with DOD traffic management directives and commercial requirements together with all document preparation for both DOD and commercial movements.
- t. Providing accounting support (stores, plant property, cost and appropriation) and civilian payroll services (preparation) for activities designated by the Commander, Naval Supply Systems Command with the concurrence of the Comptroller of the Navy.
- u. Serving as an Authorization Accounting Activity (AAA) for 28 naval activities, and designated a Financial Information Processing Center (FIPC) within the Integrated Disbursing and Accounting (IDA) system.

Table 1-1 provides an overview of the number of line items carried per year, for the 1970-1978 period, by NPFC. It provides an indication of the overall size and complexity of the operation. An equally complex and sizable organization is required to manage such an operation and perform the wide range of the functions listed above. Figure 1-1 presents the current organizational structure at the overall Command and individual Department levels. Table 1-la provides an estimate of the NPFC staff resources allocated to the Warehouse Controlled items.

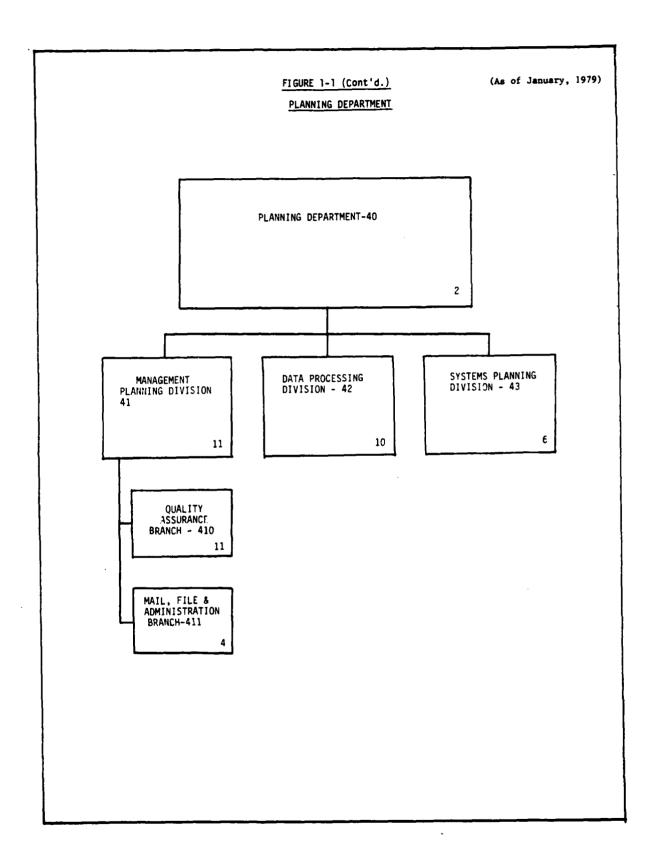
Another indication of the overall size and complexity of operation is provided by some of the operational highlights listed in Table 1-2. As can be seen from the organizational and operations background information provided above, NPFC serves a necessary and important function within the Department of Defense (DOD). By providing requested documents to customers, NPFC supports activities of many DOD and non-DOD organizations. For example, DOD procurement activity is directly supported by NPFC since it provides documents necessary for bid preparations and performing contract work in many areas. Quite often, development of responsive and accurate technical and cost proposals is dependent on the availability of required documents in a timely manner. This objective can only be

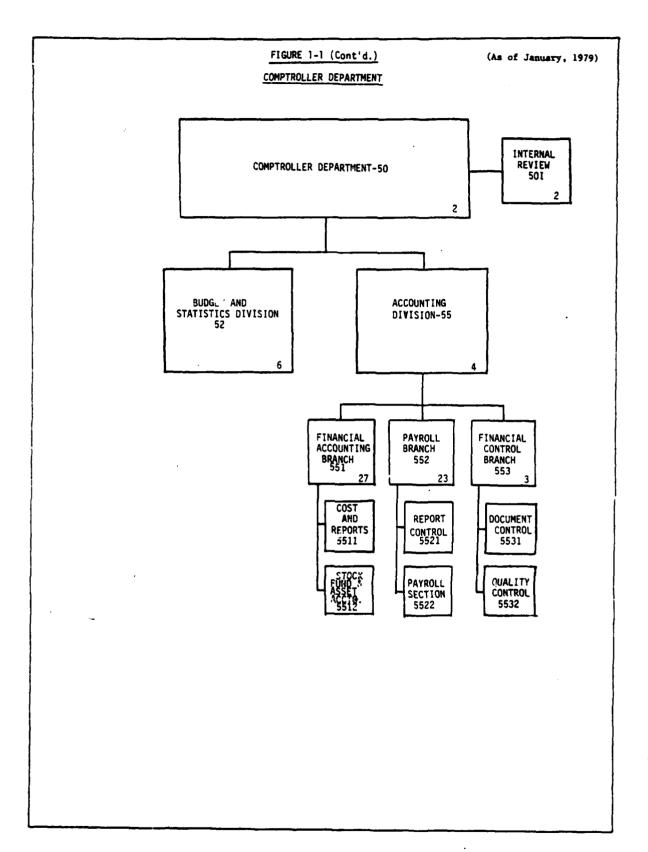
		TABLE	1	MARY OF T	HE NIMBER	1-1 SUPPARY OF THE NUMBER OF LINE ITEMS MANAGED BY NPFC*	ITEMS MAN	GED BY N	PFC*			
			NUMBER		OF LINE ITEMS MANAGED	2	YEAR				1970-78 SURGARY	PIARY
DOCUMENT	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	PERCENT CHANGE: 1970 TO 1978	AVERAGE NO. OF LINE ITEMS STOCKED	PERCENT OF ALL LINE ITENS STOCKED
PUBLICATIONS AND FORMS	142,400	144,600	144,600 149,800 146,700	146,700	152,000	152,000 156,200	159,300	155,800 156,700	156,700	+9.2	151,500	57.9
SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS	70,000	70,000	74,400	70,000	71,000	74,400	71,000	71,000	71,000	+1.4	71,088	27.1
NAVAL INSTRUCTIONS	15,500	15,400	15,700	10,200	007.6	8,300	6,400	8,300	8,700	-43.8	11,211	4.3
DOD DIRECTIVES	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,500	1,600	1,500	1,100	-31.2	1,522	ń.
DATA ITEH DESCRIPTIONS	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,200	1,100	2,400	2,300	2,400	+71.4	1,488	ĸ
NAVAIR TECHNICAL DIRECTIVES	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	20,000	20,200	20,000	11,800	9,400	-68.6	22,337	8.7
INDUSTRY STANDARDIZATION DOCUMENTS	t .	710	1,440	ı	,	1	4,000	4,000	ı	¥.	2,537	σ,
TOTALS	260,500	263,310	270,940	259,500	255,200	261,700	267,700	267,700 254,700	249,300	- 4.3	261,683	

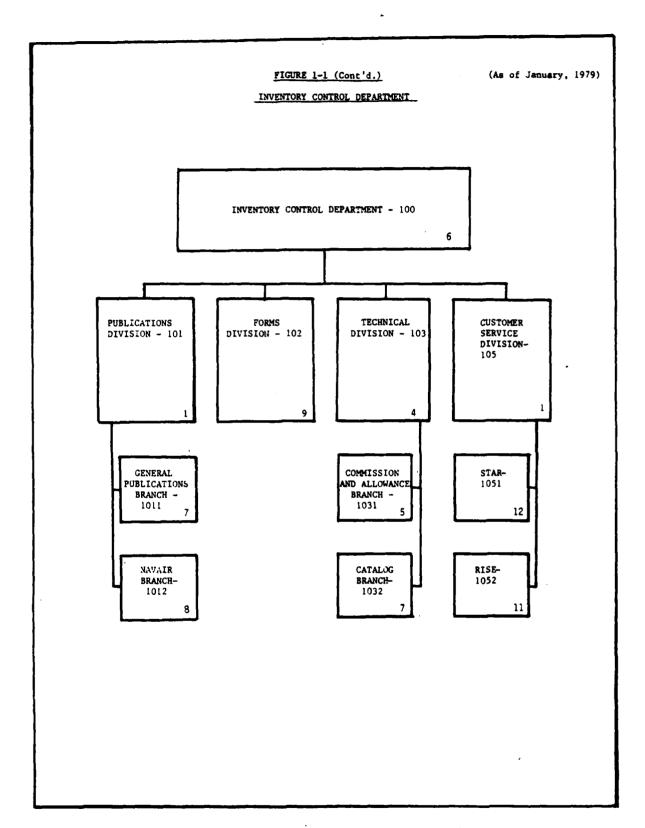
*Source: NPFC Command History

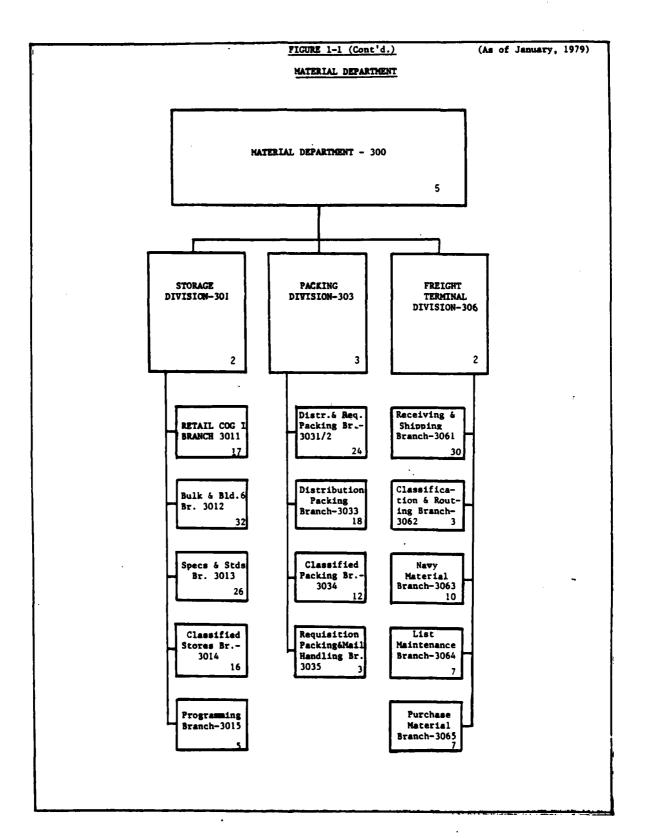
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or their set inquire.

TABLE 1-1a EST	ESTIMATED NPFC STAFF RESOURCES ALLOCATED TO WAREHOUSE CONTROLLED ITEMS	URCES ALLOCATED I	O WAREHOUSE CON	TROLLED ITEMS	,
	Assigned	Staff for Warehouse Controlled Items	arehouse Items	Joint Staff (COG I and	Allocated
Organizational Unit and Code	Compliment (Includes Military)	Direct Labor	Administrative/ Indirect	Controlled) Allocated To Warehouse Controlled Items	Staff (Warehouse Controlled Items)
NPFC Command (0/00)	m			6,5	0.5
EEO-AAP (09)	2			0.5	0.5
Planning Department (40)	77		2	1	4
Comptroller Department (50)			1		1
Inventory Department (190)	17	12.05	1.23	1.08	14.36
Material Department (300)	222	43	9.25	2.25	54.5
TOTALS	607	56.05	13,48	5.33	74.86

*Source: NPF

Table 1-2 Summary of NPFC Operational Highlights*

•	Personnel complement (including Military)	- 406
•	Average number of issues per month	
	-Publications and Forms (COG I Items)	- 141,000
	-Specifications and Standards	- 229,000
	-Department Directives (Navy Instructions)	- 40,000
	-Other Warehouse Controlled Items	- 50,000
•	Average number of commissionings supported per month	- 62
•	Average number of COG I items distributed per month	- 568
•	Average number of specifications and stardards	
	distributed per month	- 2,271

- Average receiving/shipping functions activity per month
 - -Measurement tons recieved 6,148**
 - -Measurement tons shipped 4,559**
 - -Line items received 6,199
- Document disposal activity
 - -Measurement tons (1976) 5,000
 - -Measurement tons (1977) 4,065
 - -Measurement tons (1978) 2,134
- Number of address lists maintained 3,572
- Number of addresses on file 503,329

^{*}Source: NPFC (1977 data unless otherwise mentioned).

^{**}The differential of 1500 measurement tons is due to the fact that NPFC receives locally consumable materials such as ASO Data Processing Center supplies. material destined for the ASO Public Works Division, desks and furniture for ASO activities and DMA Distribution Center Stock. It is not a measure of the inventory build up.

achieved if NPFC can accurately respond to customer needs in a "quick turnaround time" mode. There have been some developments in recent years that have contributed to adjusting NPFC's order processing time for routine ware-house controlled item requests from a maximum of two days to five days. This development can be attributed, in part, to the continued reduction in the number of billets authorized for NPFC because of budgetary constraints.

The overall document disposal volume at NPFC is about 2100 to 2400 measurement tons a year, for both COG I and warehouse controlled items. According to NPFC's estimates, approximately 5 to 20 percent of this volume represents the disposal activity for the warehouse controlled items. This amounts to about 105 to 240 measurement tons a year, which is equivalent to about 4 million to 10 million pages a year. This represents approximately 3 to 8 percent of the annual demand.

The specific obje — e of this particular study effort is to develop a baseline description of current operations that can serve as a basis for evaluating potential automation alternatives to performing the present NPFC tasks. Potential automation technologies may include order processing mechanization, demand printing from micrographic or digital computer data base, and the use of micrographics in lieu of paper copy. This study was aimed at providing baseline data for follow-up cost and performance analyses studies.

The overall baseline study was conducted in two phases. Specific analysis activities covered under Phase I of the effort and documented in this volume included the following:

- a. Functional description of the order processing activities as they currently operate.
- b. Estimation of demand for NPFC services based on characterization of customer base and analysis of customer orders.
- c. Characterization of stocked documents based on the analysis of the physical characteristics of selected documents.

d. Identification of relevant performance measures that can be used to analyze NPFC operations and suggestions for baseline modifications.

Specific efforts under Phase II, which are documented in Volume II under a separate cover, included the following activities:

- a. Development of the cost estimates for major NPFC operations for warehouse controlled documents.
- b. Development of additional baseline data for NPFC activities related to warehouse controlled documents which included:
 - Estimation of the number of line items managed by NPFC under each major document category.
 - Document disposal activities/volumes.
 - Geographic distribution of demand by major document category.
 - NPFC interface with the Document Preparing Activities to identify data sources which can be tapped in the future for describing the document preparation process.
- c. Development of cost and volume data for NPPSO operations in support of NPFC's warehouse controlled documents.

The level of overall effort required to address major task areas under both phases outlined above was governed by the availability of data from NPFC and the project budget. The overall approach used for performing the study and specific results attained are presented in the applicable sections of the report.

Specific sections covered in this document include the following:

Section 2.0 - An Overview of Major Analysis Areas Section 3.0 - Functional Description of Current Operations Section 4.0 - Data Collection, Summarization and Analysis

Section 5.0 - Objectives and Measures of Performance of NPFC Operations

Section 6.0 - Suggestions for Baseline Modifications of NPFC Operations

Section 7.0 - Study Conclusions and Recommendations

Each of these sections are discussed in detail in the following pages of this report.

2.0 AN OVERVIEW OF MAJOR ANALYSIS AREAS

2.1 Introduction

This section is primarily aimed at identifying various areas in which specific data collection and analysis work was performed as part of the overall study effort. At the outset, it should be pointed out that NPFC is a relatively large operation encompassing a wide variety of functions and activities. This being the case, extensive efforts were required for the following:

- To get an overview of total operation and functional interrelationships among its major components.
- To review the availability of information from NPFC, and assess its relevancy in supporting the desired analytic work.
- To identify alternative sources and means of getting the necessary information, and the potential problem areas.

The major task areas to be addressed under this study effort were idenfied in the preceding section. A number of specific data collection and analysis areas and activities that were necessary to support individual tasks are summarized in Exhibit 2-1. This exhibit also identifies the specific types of documents that were covered under each analysis area. It is obvious from the exhibit that the functional description of order processing operations was to include COG I items (Publications and Forms) and classified documents in addition to the warehouse controlled items. Otherwise, the analytical work was to focus on warehouse controlled items specifically listed in the preceding section (Section 1.0).

Each of the specific analysis areas included in the exhibit are presented in detail in the sections listed opposite to each area. Each of the

Exh	Exhibit 2-1 An Overview of Major Analysis Areas	sis Areas			
		Renort	noog	Document Areas	
Major Task Description	Specific Analysis Areas Covered	Section	Warehouse Controlled	COG I Items	Classified Items
a. Functional Description of	1. Flowcharting of Operations	Section 3.2	×	×	×
Order Processing Activities by Document Category	2. Description of Operations in terms of Elapsed times	Section 4.5	×		-
b. Estimate of Demand for NPFC Services Based on	1. Comprehensive Analysis of Customer Orders	Section 4.1	×		
Characterization of Customer Base and Analysis of Orders	2. Analysis of Procurement History Section 4.2 Records	Section 4.2	×		
	3. Survey of NPFC Customers	Section 4.5	×		
	4. Estimated Current Demand by Customer and Document Categories	Section 4.7	*		
c. Characterization of NPFC Document Base	1. Document Morphology Analysis	Section 4.3	×		
d. Development of Performance Measures and Suggestions	1. Objectives and Measures of Performance	Section 5.0	×	×	×
for Baseline Modifications	2. Suggested Baseline Modifica- cations	Section 6.0	×		

analysis areas are organized to cover the following topics:

- Introduction
- Objectives of Analysis
- Data Collection Methodology
- Data Summarization and Analysis

A number of sources were tapped to obtain the necessary data. Significant among them included the following:

- a. Interviews with NPFC staff
- b. Review of available background materials
- c. Personal observation of NPFC operations
- d. NPFC Command History data
- e. Review and collection of available data and reports from NPFC that included daily workload tallies, production records, management feeder reports, time standards, job order codes, etc.
- f. Sampling of mail and phone orders
- g. Sampling of procurement records
- h. Sampling of documents (for morphological analysis)
- i. Placing of orders to NPFC to assess responsiveness

Before concluding this section, a few remarks related to some of the terminology used in this report are in order. The terms "Requisitions" and "Orders" are used interchangeably throughout this report. The term "Document Category" refers to the following classes of documents:

- Military Specifications
- Military Standards
- Data Item Descriptions (DIDs)
- Naval Instructions (Including DOD Directives)
- Qualified Products Lists (QPLs)
- Federal Specifications
- Federal Standards
- Industry Standardization Documents

These categories were used in the majority of the analysis areas. Occasionally, some of these categories may not be included because of non-availability of specific data for a given category or because the available data was in an aggregate form.

The customers requesting NPFC services were categorized in major groups. The specific "Customer Categories" used in this report refer to the following:

- Department of Navy (Navy)
- Department of Army (Army)
- Department of Air Force (Air Force)
- Associated DOD Agencies (includes CIA, DPS, NSA, NATO and other DOD identified Organizations)
- Assorted Government Agencies (Non-DOD)
- Corporations/Private Organizations

- Assorted Non-Government organizations (includes Educational Institutions and Individuals)
- Foreign Military Organizations (ILP and National Organizations)
- Foreign Private Organizations

Again, a few of these categories may not be included in the analysis if required data was not available or encountered.

3.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION OF CURRENT OPERATIONS

3.1 Introduction

The description of current NPFC operations is divided into two sections:

- Flowcharts and Description of Current Operations
- Summary of Available Workload Volumes, Hours and Costs

In Section 3.2 flowcharts depicting the issue of COG I material, classified documents, and warehouse controlled material are provided. Additional flowcharts, focusing on document storage, replenishment and management, are included in the description.

3.2 Flow Charts of Operations and Requisition Processing

3.2.1 Introduction

The analysis of current procedures utilized by NPFC required the identification of activity sequence. Selected requisition formats and administrative procedures are illustrated in the following flow charts. The charts are grouped into four major operational categories: Administration and Order Processing, Warehouse Controlled Operations, Publication and Forms Issue Operations, and Classified Material Issue Operations.

Administration and Order Processing

Administration of Documents

- 3.2-1 Introduction of a Line Item to DODISS and NPFC System
- 3.2-2 Receiving Printed Material, Specifications and Standards
- 3.2-3 Receiving and Processing a Reorder Level Card for Printing
- 3.2-4 Receiving and Storage of COG I Non-Classified Material
- 3.2-5 Initial Distribution of COG I Material
- 3.2-6 Requests for Specifications and Standards from a Foreign Country

Order Processing of Documents

- 3.2-7 Summary of Document Requisition Processing
- 3.2-8 DD-1348 Automated Requisition Processing
- 3.2-9 Phone Order Requisition Processing
- 3.2-10 Phone Order Requisition Processing (Detailed) for Material Orders Via DD-1348 Control MILSTRIP Network
- 3.2-11 Order Processing by Code 411-Mail and File Administration Branch.

Warehouse Controlled Operations

- 3.2-12 Initiation Activity for Bin Replenishment at 301-Storage Division
- 3.2-13 Bin Replenishment from Bulk Stores
- 3.2-14 Requisition Processing When Order Exceeds Bin Capacity
- 3.2-15 Processing Requests for Unique Unclassified Navy Specifications

Publications and Forms Issue Operations

3.2-16 Processing Requisitions for Publications and Forms

Classified Material Issue Operations

- 3.2-17 Receipt and Storage of Classified Material
- 3.2-18 Initial Distribution of Classified Material
- 3.2-19 Issue of Classified Material
- 3.2-20 Issue of Secret Material from Bin Stocks
- 3.2-21 Certification of Issue of Classified Material to Non-DOD Organizations
- 3.2-22 Bin Replenishment of Secret Material and Serially Numbered Forms
- 3.2-23 Bin Replenishment of Confidential and "Y" Coded Material
- 3.2-24 Destruction of Classified Material

3.2.2 Objectives of Flow Charting NPFC Operations

The objective of identifying the sequence of activities was to provide for the assessment of operations. In addition, emphasis was directed at documenting:

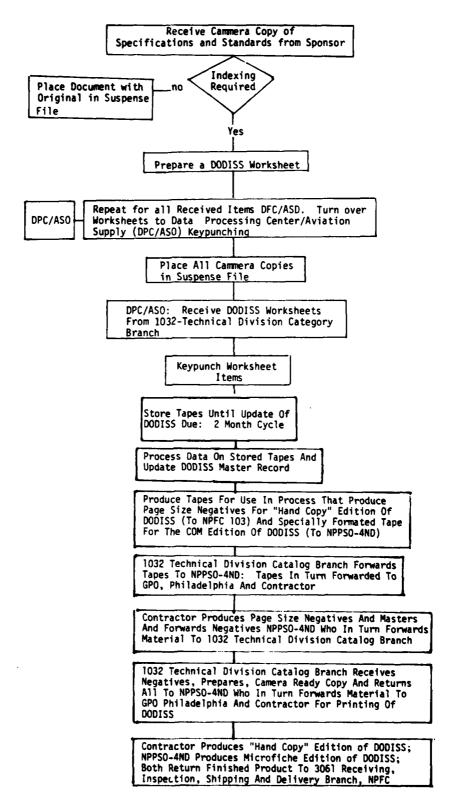
- -Specific operations and their sequence by document category
- -Identification of sub-routines and activities comprising each operation and their sequence by document category

The listed flow charts provide a summary illustration of the primary activities of branches involved in administration and issue of stocked material.

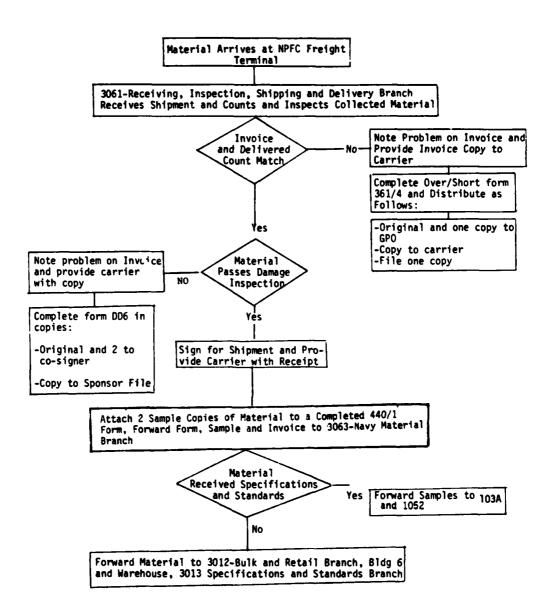
3.2.3 Methodology

The procedures illustrated by the flow charts were identified by observation and review of the 4ND-NPFC, 4400, Operations Manual. Verification of

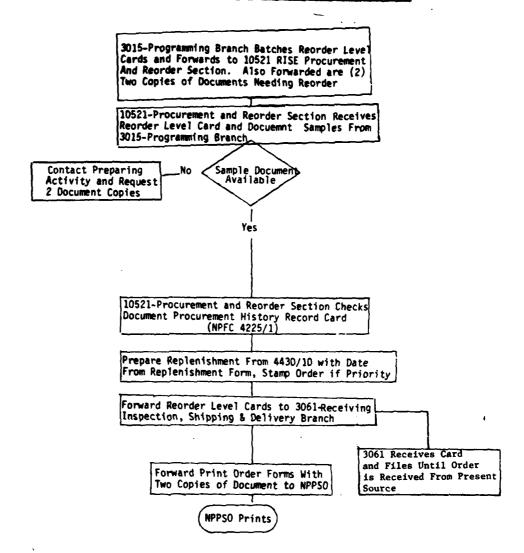
the identified sequences was provided by interviews with Branch and Division Directors and concurrent review by the staff of 43-Systems Planning Branch (Code 43).



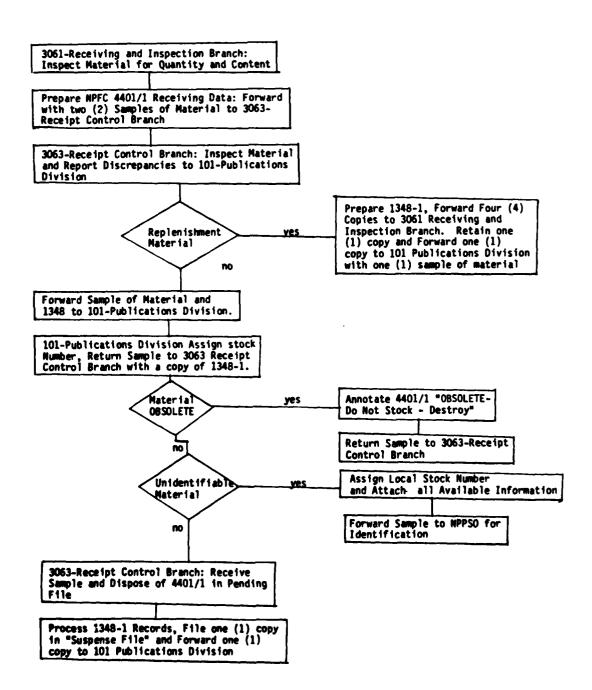
-3.2-2 Receiving Printed Material, Specifications and Standards



3.2-3 Receiving and Processing a Reorder Level Card for Printing



F. Carrier Brown



3.2-5 Initial Distribution of COG I Material

3061-Receiving and Inspection Branch: Receive and Inspect Quantity and condition of Materials Prepare NPFC 4401/1 Form and Forward to 3063-Receipt Control Branch with two (2) samples of Received Material 101-Publications Division 3063-Receipt Control Pranch: Reconcile Assign Stock Number and Material with Distribution Requirements Return to 3063 Receipt and Forward 4401/1 to 101-Publications Control Branch Division Request Mailing Label cards and Prepare DD-1348-1. Prepare Initial Distribution costs sheet 5605/5 Forward four (4) copies of DD-1348-1 to 3061-Receiving and Inspection Branch; Forward one (1) copy of DD-1348-1 to 101-Publications Division Retain one (1) copy: Forward one (1) copy of Cost sheets to 300 Material Handling Department Administration 3061-Receiving and Inspection Branch: Transfer Material and Documentation to 3031-Requisition Packing Branch 3031-Requisition Packing Branch: Initial Distribution Packing and Inform 301-Storage Division of Activity Status Forward Cost sheet to 300-Material Handling Department for billing After completion of Distribution Action, Forward Remaining Material to 3061-Receiving and Inspection Branch. 3061-Receiving and Inspection Branch: Forward Remaining Material to applicable Retail Branch; Forward copies of DD-1348-1 to 3012: Bulk & Retail, Bldg. 6. Branch and 3063-Receipt Control Branch 3063-Receipt Control Branch: Edit DD-1348-1 and Input Data to Computer. Forward Completed Distribution Requirement to Document Sponsor and NPPSO. Check transaction Ledger for Acknowledgement of Transaction. Input No Acknowledged Reinput Data Yes Place remaining copies of DD-1348-1 in "Action Completed" File and return for two (2) years.

3.2-5 Initial Distribution of COG I Material (cont'd.)

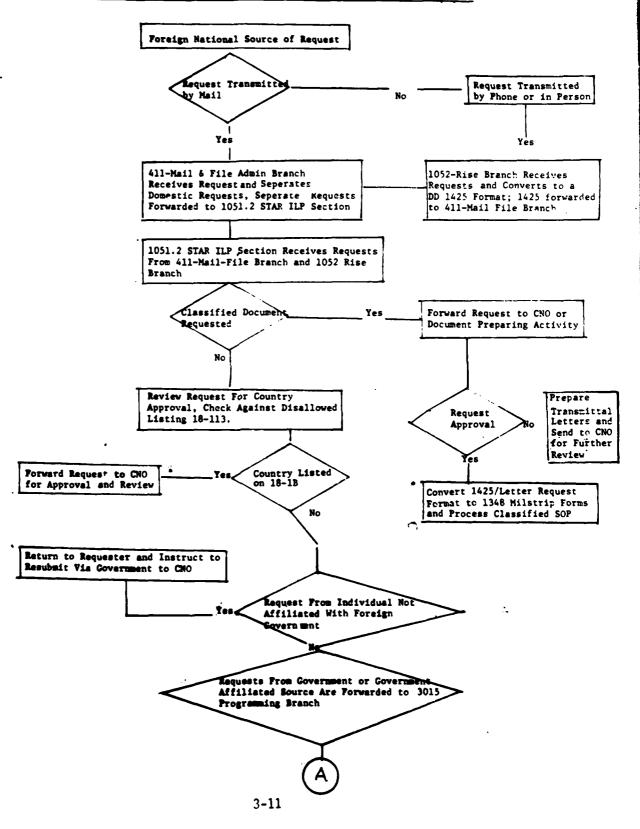
A

300-Material Handling Department: Administrative Assistant; compute and complete Cost sheet with Unit and total cost per distribution; Forward to 52-Budget and Statistics Division Monthly.

52-Budget and Statistics Division: Prepare billing material, Cost Serivces and Related Documentation, Forward to 55-Accounting Division

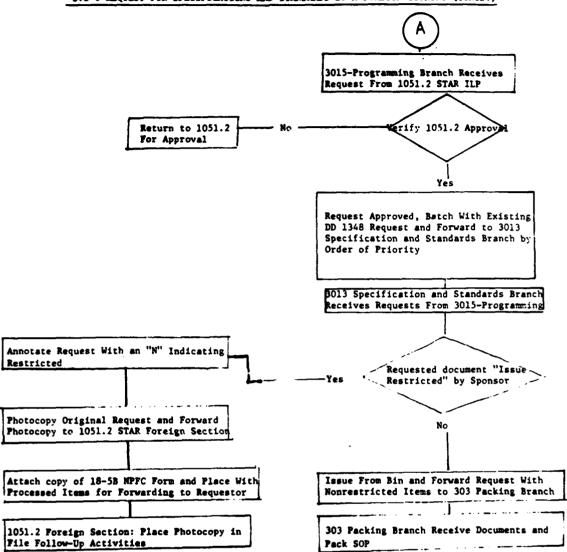
55-Accounting Division: Prepare Invoice and Forward to Document Sponsor

3.2-6 REQUEST FOR SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS BY A FOREIGN COUNTRY

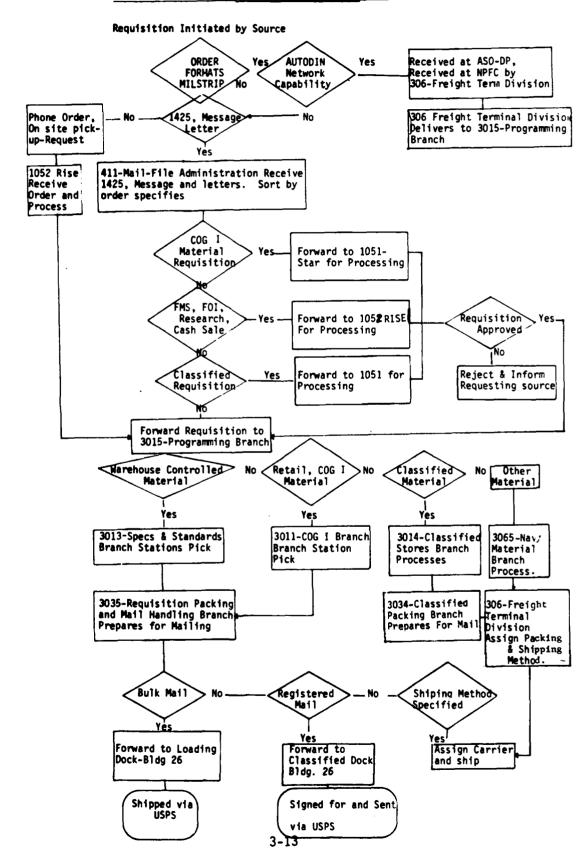


Salah was toward for

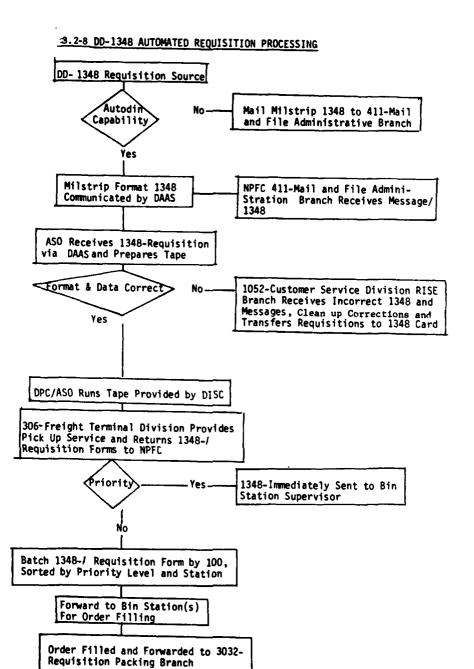
3.2-6 REQUEST FOR SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS BY A FOREIGN COUNTRY (CONTD.)



3.2-7 SUMMARY OF DOCUMENT REQUISITION PROCESSING



.....



3.2-9 PHONE ORDER REQUISTION PROCESSING (DETAILED)

Specifications Standards, Directives and Other Warehouse Controlled Material

1052-RISE Branch of Customer Service Division, Operator(s)
Receive Call And Records Order Particulars

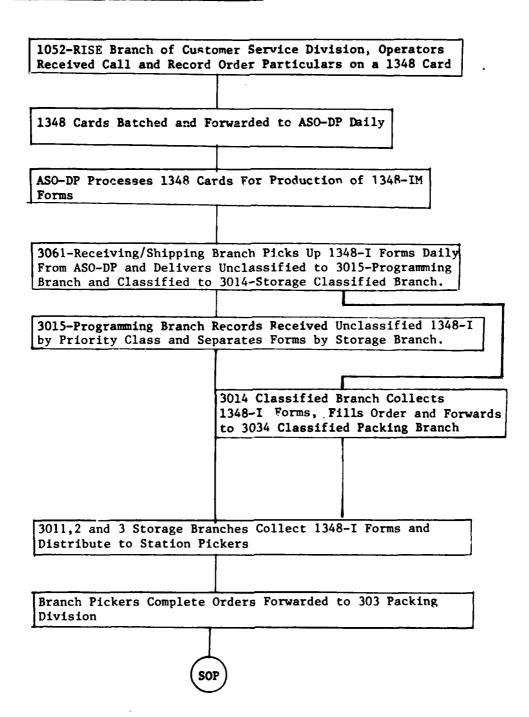
Operator Completes NPFC 4235/1 Order Form and Records
Call on "Phone Call Tally" Sheet

Orders Collected by 105 Supervisor or Staff Forwarded to 3015
Programming Branch Via Pneumatic Tube

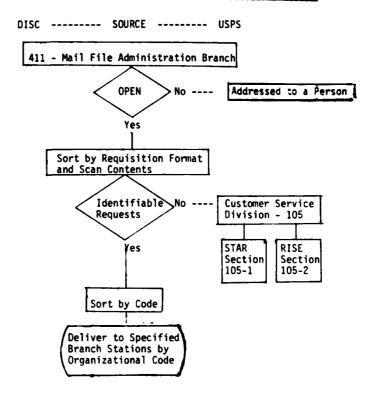
3015-Programming Branch Receives Batched Phone Orders And Sorts
by Bin Picking Station

Orders Processed SOP by Stations

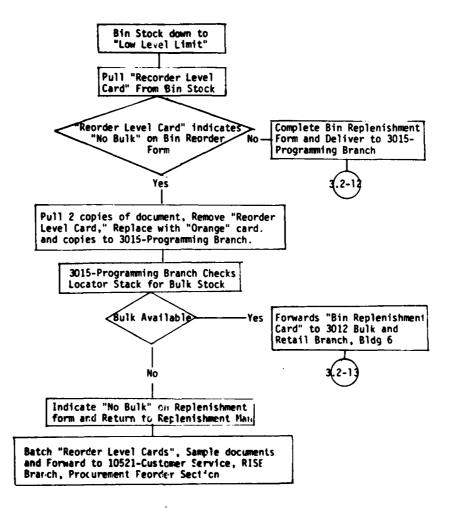
3.2-10 PHONE ORDER REQUISITION PROCESSING (DETAILED) FOR MATERIAL ORDERS VIA DD-1348 CONTROL MILSTRIP NETWORK

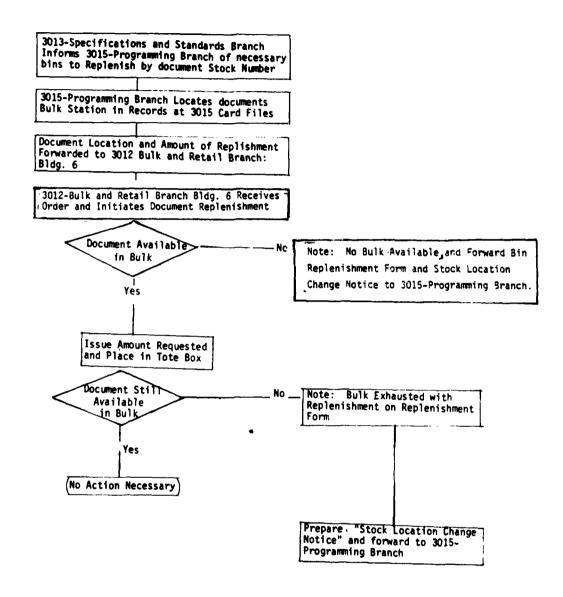


3.2-11 Order Processing By Mail And Administration Branch (code 411)



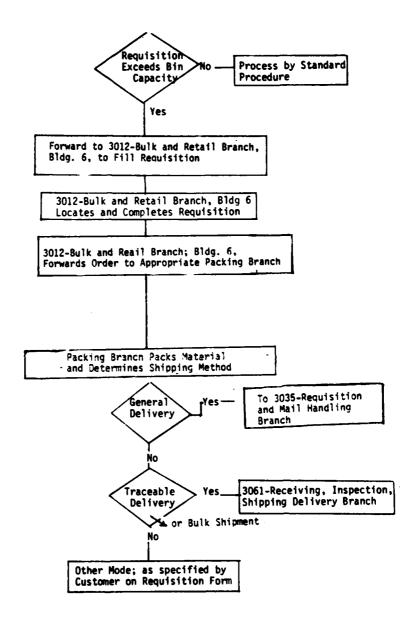
- Mail and File Administration Branch 411 receives all incomming correspondence from USPS for 1425, 1205 requisitions, letters Telex and code messages are received from DISC.
- o 411 Sorts by addressee, opens all but 3014-Classified Branch and Correspondence addressed to a person by name.
- Delivers requisitions to Inventory Control, 105-Customer Service Division (FOI, FMS, cash sale, 1348 and Research Required).
- o 411 forwards identifiable Specification and Directives requisitions to 3015-Programming Branch.



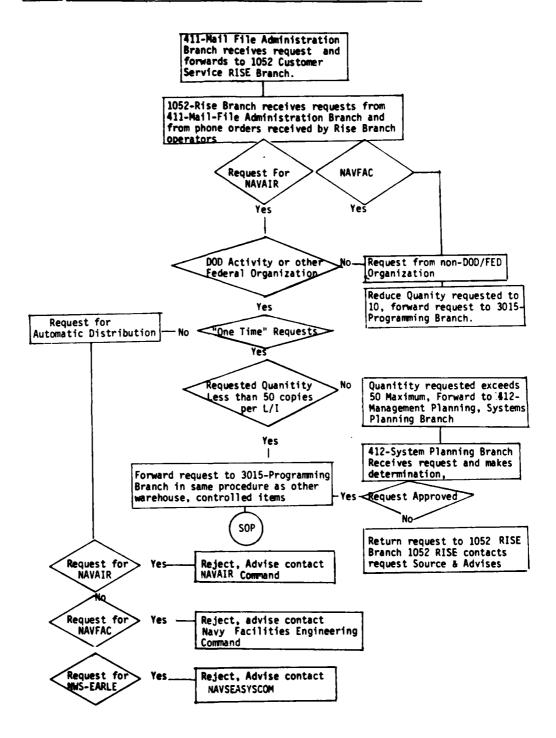


3.2-14 Requisition Processing When Order Exceeds Bin Capacity

(Requisition in Retail Storage Branch)

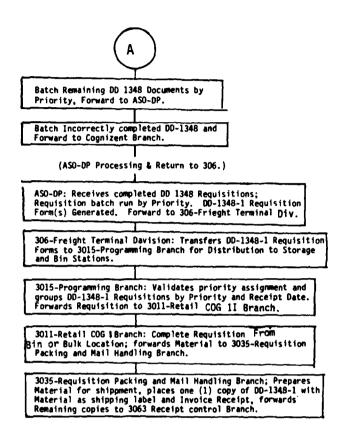


3.2-15 PROCESSING REQUESTS FOR UNIQUE UNCLASSIFIED NAVY SPECIFICATIONS



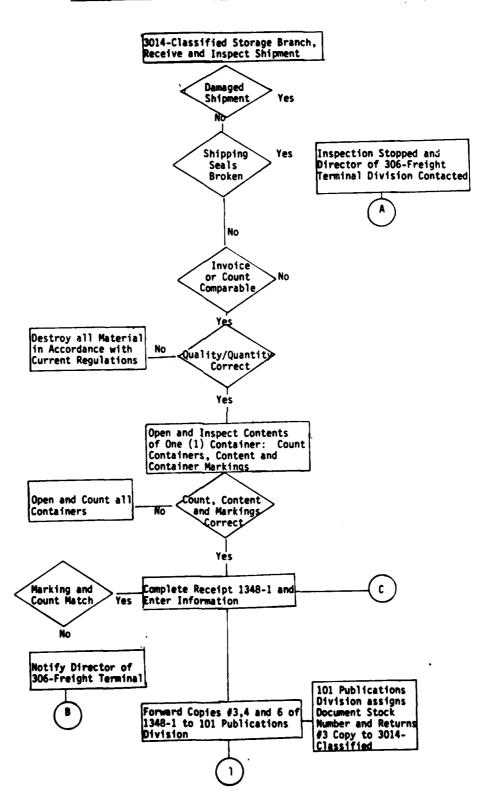
3.2-16 PROCESSING REQUISITIONS FOR PUBLICATIONS AND FORMS Requisition Source Requisition for Priority 1,2, or 3 Reject, Require Resubmission via AUTODIN-MILSTRIP FORMAT Written Request Request Reject, Require Resubmission AUTO DIN-MILSTRIP FORMAT 411 Mail and File Administration Branch Receive Correct Request Format; Forward to 105-Customer Service Division. riority 1, yes or 3 yes Convert Requisition to MILSTRIP FORMAT Requisition from DOD Activity for NAVAIR, NAVSEA, NAVSUP, NAVFAC OR NAVELEX Forward to MPPSO Request from Private Organization, DCASR, or Sponsor Activity Reject, Resubmitt to NPFC with Certification From all other sources: Reject, Advise & Resubmitt via DCASR 000 Contract Referenced no le lephon Reject, Resubmitt as _ yes Request A Cash Sale Forward to 1051 STAR Section of Customer Service Division Receive Milstrip Requests From 411-Mail and File Administration Branch or 1052-RISE Operators Segregate Hand Composed or Corrected MILSTRIP DD-1348 Documents. Forward To ASO/DP with Corrections Annotated Sort Remaining DD-1348 byPriority Process by Priority. Segregate Unclassified Specifications, Standards, Instructions and Directives Requests, Issue by Priority Return Routine Requisitions to Requestor for Resubmission via 1425 Order Formet Segregate Requisitions with COG I Forms and Forward to 5531-Accounting Division For Fund Verification. Forward Priority Requisitions to 3015-Programing Branch

3.2-16 PROCESSING REQUISITIONS FOR PUBLICATIONS AND FORMS (Cont'd.)

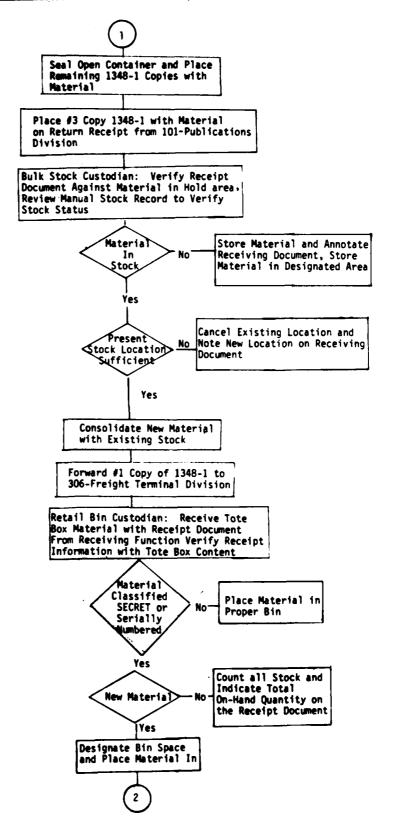


and the same of th

3.2-17 Receipt and Storage of Classified Material

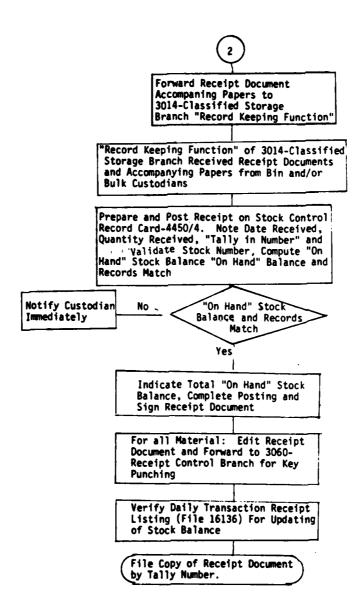


3.2-17 RECEIPT AND STORAGE OF CLASSIFIED MATERIAL (Cont'd.)



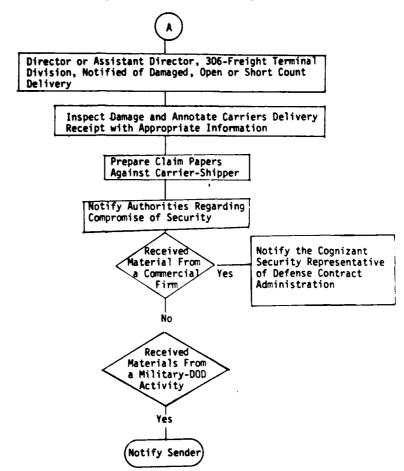
Y Charles of the Commercial

3.2-17 RECEIPT AND STORAGE OF CLASSIFIED MATERIAL (Cont'd.)



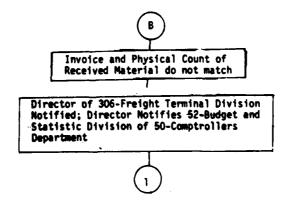
Subprocess A - Damaged Material (3.2-17 Cont'd.)

Subprocess A is initiated by a "stopped" inspection resulting from damaged material arriving at 3014-Classified Storage Branch.



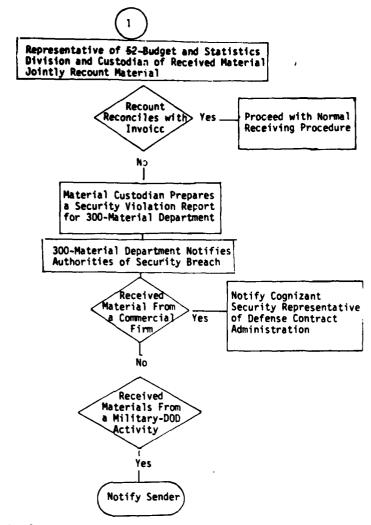
Subprocess B - Over/Short and Receipt of Material (3.2-17 Cont'd.)

Subprocess B is initiated by a inventory count of received material indicating a over/short receipt of material at 3014-Classified Storage Branch.



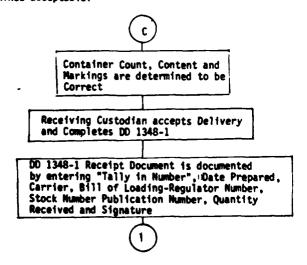
1 50 1 4 600 L

Subprocess B - Over/Short and Receipt of Material (3.2-17 Cont'd.)



Subprocess C - Receipt and Document Processing (3.2-17 Cont'd.)

Subprocess C involves the preparation and completion of the DD 1348-1 Receipt Document initiated after inspection of the received material is determined acceptable.



Materials that Cancel or Supercede existing Documents must have that information annotated on the 1348-1 Receipt Document

Provide Receiving Custodian with a return Receipt Request form or similar acknowledgement for Signature of Consignor

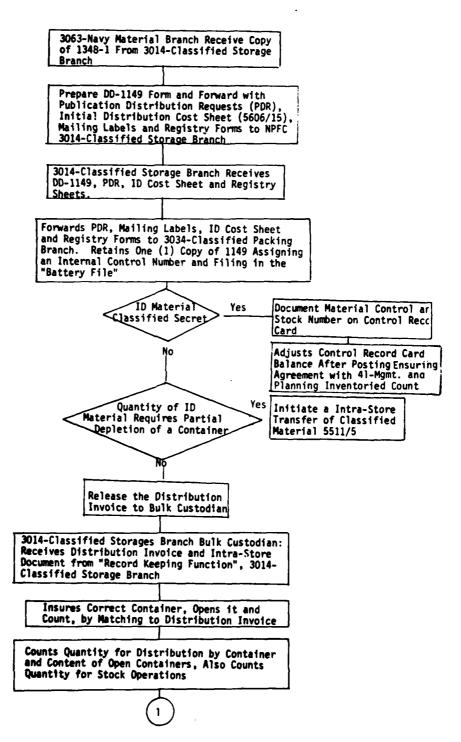
Release #5 copy of Receipt Document to 3063-Navy Materials Branch for all Material Designated for Initial Distribution

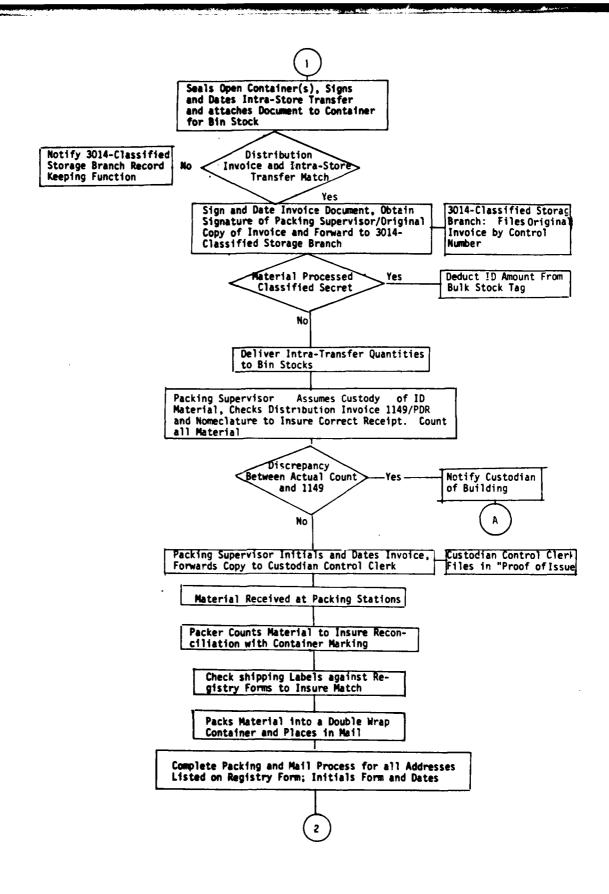
Insure all Material Containers are Properly Marked and Attach Stock Tag to One (1) Material Container per pallet

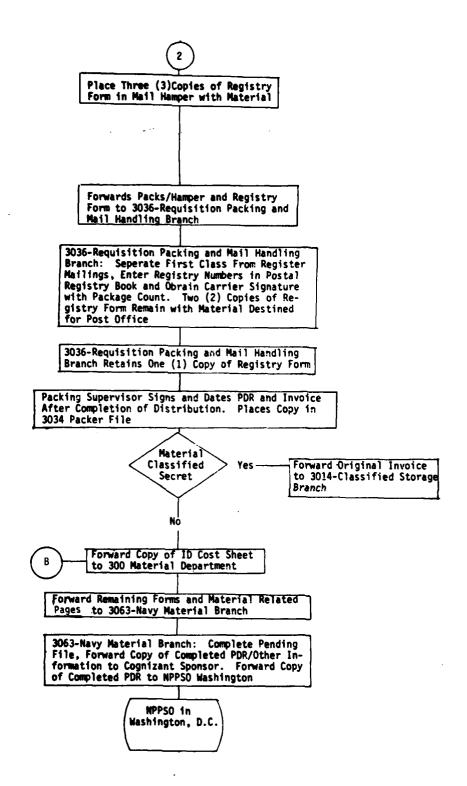
Place all Bulk Material in Holding Area and Notify Cognizant Bulk Custodian

3.2-18 INITIAL DISTRIBUTION OF CLASSIFIED MATERIAL

Initial distribution of classified material is initiated concurrent to the receiving process. 3063-Navy Material Branch of the NPFC Freight Terminal Division assumes primary operational responsibility for I.D. (Initial Distribution activity (ID).







3.2-18 INITIAL DISTRIBUTION OF CLASSIFIED MATERIAL (Cont'd.)

Subprocess A - Preparation of a Security Violation Report

Packing Supervisor, Custodian and Representative of 52-Budget and Statistics Division Jointly Recount Material As Necessary; Custodian Prepares Security Violation Report for 300-Material Department 52-Budget and Statistics Division Completes Spot Check and Makes Adjustment to Inventory

Subprocess B - Closing and Recording ID

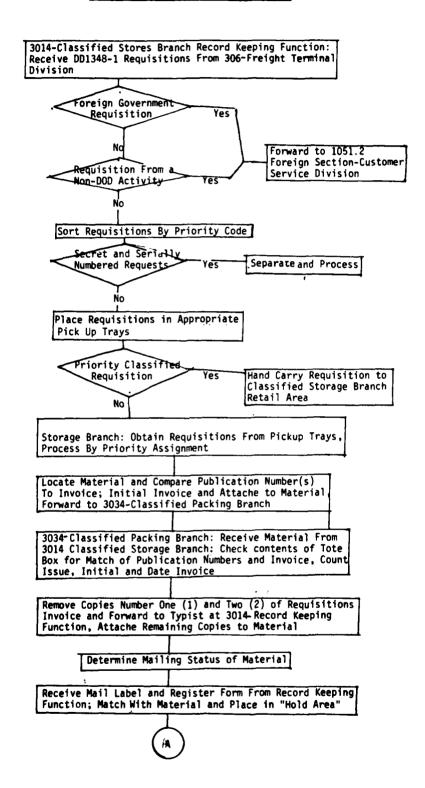
Subprocess B is a Closing and Recording Procedure Conducted by 300-Material Department Staff

300-Material Department Administrative Assistant Receives ID Cost Sheet From Packing Supervisor 3034-Classified Packing Branch Compute and Completes the ID Cost Sheet with Unit and Total Cost for Each Distribution Forward Completed ID Cost Sheet to 52-Budget and Statistics Division Monthly 52-Budget and Statistics Division Prepares Billing Statement 7100/1 and Forwards with all ID Information to 55-Accounting

Division

55-Accounting Division Prepares Bill SF 1080 and Forwards with all appropriate ID Cost Data to Cognizant Sponsor

3.2-19 ISSUE OF CLASSIFIED MATERIAL



3.2-19 ISSUE OF CLASSIFIED MATERIAL (Cont'd.)

Check Quantity, Nomeclature and Register Number to Insure ConformityWith Requisition Invoice; Stamp Requisition With Appropriate Mailing Card, Forward Material to Packing Stations

Annotate Packing Information on Original Copy of Requisition, Initial, Date and Foreword to Record Keeping Function: Foreward Copy Two (2) to 100-Inventory Department for Recording

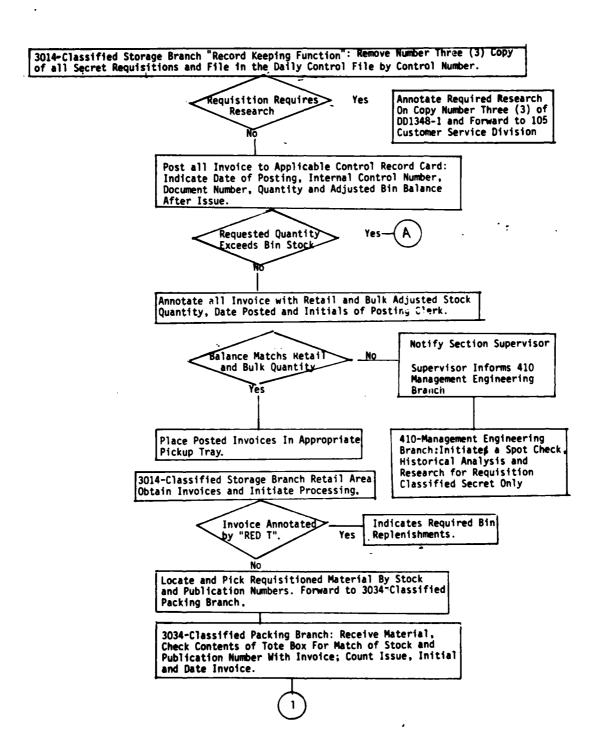
Place Remaining Copies of the Requisition(s) with Material in the Container and Seal Same.

Place Packs With Register Form in Mail Hamper, Forward Completed Packs to 3034-Requisition Packing and Mail Handling Branch, Bldg. 26

3034-Requisition Packing and Mail Handling Branch Returns Receipt for Received Packages.

Packing Foreman Receives Register Receipt from Post Office, Matches With Original Copy of Requisition and Forwards to "Record Keeping Function" 3014-Classified Storage Branch

"Record Keeping Function" Files Completed Copy Of Requisition by Control Number in "Proof of Issue" file.



Remove Copies One (1), Two (2) and "Proof of Issue", Forward to "Record Keeping Function" of 3014-Classified Storage Branch.

Continue Processing Material.

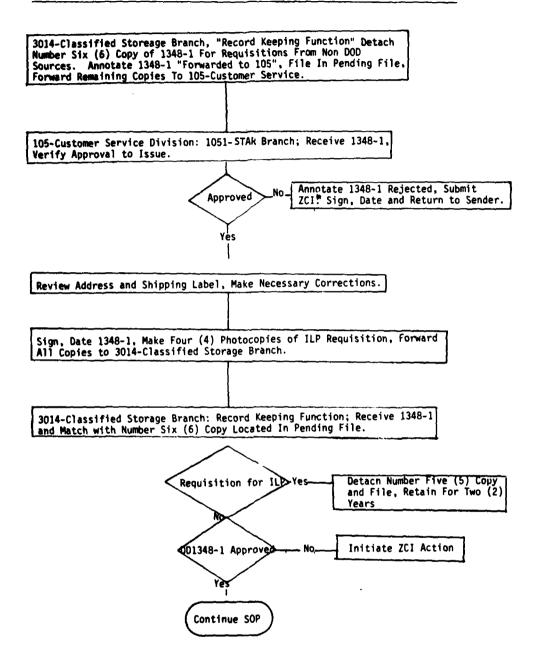
3.2-20 ISSUE OF SECRET MATERIAL FROM BIN STOCKS SUBPROCESS A

Typist: Review Copies One (1), Two (2), and "Proof of Issue" of DD1348-1 Requisition Form From Storage Area.

Annotate Copies One (1), and Two (2) With Register Number: Transcribe Register Number to all Multiple Item Requisitions.

Type Address and Register Number onto Register Form, Forward Label and Register Forms to Packing Station.

3.2-21 CERTIFICATION OF ISSUE OF CLASSIFIED MATERIAL TO NON-DOD ACTIVITIES



NPFCINST 4400.1A CH-24: ZCI Refers to a Cancellation Action.

3.2-22 BIN REPLENISHMENT OF SECRET MATERIAL AND SERIALLY NUMBERED FORMS

Bin Replemishment is Initiated When Requisitions Exceed Bin Capacity or Rin Stock Has Been Reduced to Two (2) Copies of the Document

3014-Classified Storage Branch Initiates a-Bin Replenishment: Prepares Intra-Store Transfer of Classified Material, Document 5511/5 in Duplicate; Record Control Number, Stock Number-Publication Number, Transfer Quantity Adusted Bulk and Retail Stores Balance, Bulk Locations and Initials of Supply Clerk. Update the Control Record Card with Date of Transfer, Document Control Number, Transfer Quantity and Balance of Stock at Retail and Bulk Locations. Annotate Transfer Document With a "Red T" To Initiate Transfer. Bulk Warehousemen 3014-Classified Stores Branch: Receives Transfer Document. Removes Sealed Container(s) From Bulk Location to Fill Transfer Quantity. Counts the Bulk Balance to Insure Match With Adjusted Balance After Posting On Transfer Document. Dates And Adjusts Balance On Stock Tag. Annotate Bulk Balance, Date of Action and Warehouseman's Initials to Transfer Document. Deliver Material With Attached Transfer Document to the Receiving Transfer Area. Warehouseman Removes Attached Transfer Document and Opens the Sealed Containers. Open Material, Check Nomeclature and Contents, Determine Accuracy and Carton Markings and Transfer Document Information. Place Material into Uniform Quantities, Forward to Bin Issue Area 3014 Classified Branch, Retail Warehouseman: Recieve Bin Replenishment, Count Total Retail Bin Stock After Transfer For Agreement With Transfer Document. Place Material In Appropriate Bins.

3.2-22 BIN REPLENISHMENT OF SECRET MATERIAL AND SERIALLY NUMBERED FORMS

 $\left(\mathbf{A}\right)$

Annotate Current Retail Quantity, Date of Action and Initials to Transfer Document, Forward Transfer Document to Record Keeping 3014-Classified Stores Branch

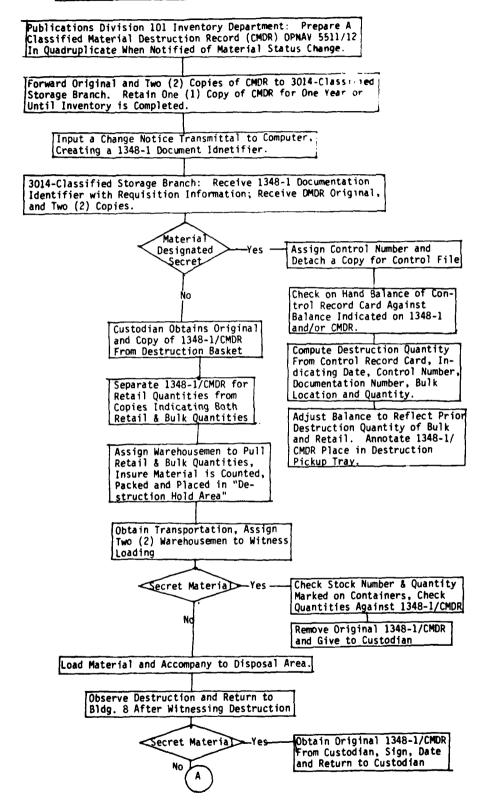
Record Keeping: Match the Returned Copy of the Transfer Document With Pending Copy; Discard Pending Copy. File Return Copy By Document Control Number,

3.2-23 BIN REPLENISHMENT OF CONFIDENTIAL AND "Y" CODED MATERIAL

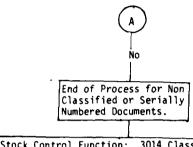
3014-Classified Stores Branch: Bin Warehouseman Notes On Bin Replenishment Request, Copy #5 DD1384-1 Quantity Necessary to Replenish Bins. Warehouse Leader Hand Carries, Twice Daily, All Replenishment Requests to Office Function of 3014-Classified Stores Branch, For a Bulk Location. Office Function: Receive Replenishment Requests, Note Bulk Location and Places Request in Pick Up Bulk Warehousemen: Picks Up Replenishment Requests From Office Function. Locates Bulk Storage, Removes Requested Quantity From Bulk Cartons and Places In a Tote Box; Tote Box Forwarded to Bin Warehouseman via AMHS. 3014-Classified Stores Branch: Bin Warehouseman Notes on Bin Replenishment Request, Copy #5DD-1384-1 Quantity Necessary to Replenish Bins Warehouse Leader Hand Carries, Twice Daily, All Replenishment Requests to Office Function of 3014-Classified Stores Branch, for a Bulk Location Office Function: Receive Replenishment Requests, Note Bulk Location and Places Request in Pick Up Tray Bulk Warehousemen: Picks Up Replenishment Request from Office Function Locates Bulk Storage, Removes Requested Quantity From Bulk Cartons and Places in a Tote Box; Tote Box Forwarded to Bin Warehouseman via AMHS

*NPFCINST 4400.1A 2/1/77

3.2-24 DESTRUCTION OF CLASSIFIED MATERIAL



3.2-24 DESTRUCTION OF CLASSIFIED MATERIAL (Cont'd.)



Stock Control Function: 3014 Classified Branch Receive Original 1348-1/CMDR From Custodian, File Originals in Completed File and Discard Pending File Copy.

4.0 DATA COLLECTION, SUMMARIZATION AND ANALYSIS*

This section describes in detail specific efforts made for data collection in each of the major analyses areas identified earlier and summarizes the results therefrom. Specific topics covered in each analysis area include the following:

- Introduction
- Objectives of Analysis
- Data Collection Methodology
- Data Summarization and Analysis

Major analysis areas covered in this section include :

- 1. Comprehensive Analysis of Orders
- 2. Analysis of Procurement History Records
- 3. Morphological** Analysis of Documents
- 4. Requisition Receipts Analysis
- 5. Survey of NPFC Customers
- 6. Analysis of Physical Tracking of Requisition Processing
- 7. Estimation of Current Demand by Customer and Document Categories

Each of the above are discussed in detail in the following pages of this section.

^{*}The analysis is related to the Warehouse Controlled Documents only.

^{**}Refers to the physical characteristics of the documents, including their contents.

4.1 COMPREHENSIVE ANALYSIS OF ORDERS*

4.1.1 Introduction

As previously mentioned, one of the major functions of NPFC is to process incoming orders requesting warehouse controlled documents. On the average, approximately 1279 orders are processed each day for warehouse controlled documents. The basic means used for ordering documents are listed below:

- DD-1348
- DD-1205
- DD-1425
- Letters
- Telegram Messages
- Telephone Calls (DD-1306)
- Personal Pick-ups

The orders provide specific information on the following items:

- Customer Name and Address
- Identification of Specific Documents (line items) Ordered
- Quantity Requested Per Line Item
- Identification of Warehouse Stations Handling Each Requested Line Item.

4.1.2 Objectives of Order Analysis

The incoming orders were used as a major source of information for the following purposes:

- To identify and categorize NPFC customers.
- To estimate the average number of line items per order and average quantity per line item and order.

^{*}Warehouse Controlled Documents only

- To identify basic statistical relationships between document categories and customer categories.
- To estimate the percent of orders handled by various warehouse stations within NPFC.

4.1.3 <u>Data Collection Methodology</u>

Customer orders (requisitions) comprising the sample were selected from daily receipts at 3015-Programming Branch. Requisitions were selected at random from station assignment batches and were reviewed at different times of the day throughout the survey in order to assure a representative sample. Prior to data collection, branch operations were reviewed through interviews with the NPFC staff. A detailed review of procedures facilitated implementation of the data collection effort and minimized disruption of routine workflow.

The overall methodology used for collecting the necessary data involved the following major steps:

1. A sample of 1009 mail orders was selected randomly from the incoming orders at the 3015-Programming Branch. These orders were selected over a 15 day period to minimize the adverse effects of potential sampling biases and distortions.

Since about 30 percent of the orders are received by telephone and it is likely that phone orders may have different characteristics than the mail orders, it was decided to analyze phone orders separately. A total of 142 phone orders were selected.

- 2. The specific information identified below was extracted from each of the orders:
 - Customer Category

- Source of Document or Document Sponsor (for each Document Ordered)
- Order Format/Medium Used
- Urgency of Order
- Document Categories Ordered
- Number of Line Items Ordered by Document Category
- Total Order Quantity by Document Category
- Warehouse Location/Station of each Document Ordered.
- 3. The data extracted from the orders were summarized separately for mail orders (includes orders utilizing DD-1348, DD-1205, DD-1425, letters and messages) and telephone orders (DD-1306). The summary results are presented in the following section.

As noted, the data collection method was designed to avoid disruption of regular operations, and was successful in selecting orders in a random manner.

4.1.4 Summarization and Analysis of Order Data

Significant information extracted from the mail and phone orders is summarized in the following tables:

- Table 4.1-1 Distribution of Mail Orders by Customer Category
- Table 4.1-2 Distribution of Mail Orders by Document Category
- Table 4.1-3 Distribution of Mail Orders by Customer and Document Categories

Table 4.1-4 Distribution of Phone Orders by Customer Category

Table 4.1-5 Distribution of Phone Orders by Document Category

Table 4.1-6 Distribution of Phone Orders by Customer and Document Categories

The information summarized in the Tables is largely self-explanatory; however, some highlights are noted in the following paragraphs.

Table 4.1-1

Of all the orders placed by Corporations, 40% of the requested line items were Military Specifications followed by 36% for Military Standards.

Approximately 49% of the line items requested by Navy were for Military Standards followed by 18% for Military Specifications and 17% for Navy Instructions. Average number of different document categories requested per order amounted to 1.5. Approximately 4.7% of the mail orders sampled requested one Line item, as opposed to 95.3% requesting more than one Line items.

Average number of line items and quantities per order for all document categories combined amounted to 5.5 and 13.9, respectively. Average quantity per line item ordered amounted to 2.5.

Almost 80% of the orders received by NPFC came from Corporations/Private Organizations followed by 8.4% from the Navy and 4.6% from the Army.

Table 4.1-2

As can be seen from the table, Military Specifications (38%) and Military Standards (37%) were the most frequently ordered items accounting for bulk of the requested documents.

	Pre-	Distribution and Quantity		ers by	of Orders by Line Item			Order by 0ty	Order Distr. by Qty. of		70	trib	it fon c	Distribution of Orders by Document Category	• 67	Docum	Ent C	Stego!	2	
CATEGORY	Totel Orders	Percent ^a Total Of Ordera Ordera (Total L/I Jrdered	Avg. No. Of L/I Per Order	Avg. No. Of L/I Total Per Qty Order Ordered	Avg. Qty Per Order	Avg. Qty Per L/1	Sg1.	Multiple L/I	1 .	M11. Std.	010	DOD Direc.	DOD DID DIVEC. NAVINST HER QPL	*	, w	Fed. Fed Spec. Std	Fed Std.	Ind. Std. Doc.	No. Of Cat. Per Drder
Navy	85	4.8	424	5.0	893	10.5	2.1	4.8	95.2	91	49.	•	2.	17.	ë.	2.	ö	<u>.</u>	9	1.25
Army	4.7	9.4	363	1.7	799	14.1	 8:	8.6	91.4	33.		15.		6	۶.		ö	ö	2.	1.23
Air Force	~	4.	22	4.4	97	9.2	2.0	20.0	0.08	.04	20.				ó	20	o.	70	ė.	1.3
Associated DOD Agencies	23	3.0	104	3.8	306	11.3	2.9	7.5	92.5	30.	.8			ö	•	e.		.	ć.	1.13
Assorted Cov't Agencies: Pederal and State	4	e.	=	2.8	53	13.2	æ.	· o	100.0	50.	23.	ö	•	. 6	ö	ö	25.	6		3.31
Corporations Private Organizations	808	80.0	4520	5.6	11,571	14.32 2.5	2.5	5.2	8.49	40.	36.	5	<u>.</u>	70 .		Ė	ë	4	9.	1.20
Assorted Mon-Gov't Organizations	••	.,	34	4.3	951	19.5	4.5		.00	46.	22.	ij	ij	ó	ó	•	•	=	o.	2.0
Foreign Private Organizations	2	1.3	8	6.9	239	17.0	2.4	•	8	38	. 4		ó	. •	•	•	ö	•		0.
Fureign Military Organizations	=	0.1	‡	6. 0	142	12.9	3.2	0	100	39.	,	ö	ö	ó	15.	ó	ó		ö	0.1
TOTALS	1009	100.	5618	\$.5	14070	13.9	2.5	4.7	95.3	ğ	37.	-	<u> </u>	2.	7	6	.	4	ş.	2.5

Throughout this report, percent figures are rounded

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It should also be noted that Corporations/Private Organizations accounted for vast majority of orders for all document categories except for the Naval Instructions (17.3%).

<u>Table 4.1-3</u>

This table provides a more detailed breakdown of orders, for each customer category, by specifying average number of line items, order quantity and quantity per line item ordered for each major document category.

Table 4.1-4

It should be obvious from this table that, for phone orders, a vast majority of these orders (83%) were placed by corporations followed far behind by the Navy (4.9%). It should also be noted that average number of line items and average quantity per order were 1.9 and 3.6 for phone orders as compared to 5.5 and 13.9 for the mail orders, respectively. Also, more than half the of the phone orders (52.8%) were for a single line item as opposed to 4.7% for mail orders.

Table 4.1.5

About 58% of the incoming phone orders to NPFC requested Military Standards followed by 19.4% requesting Military Specifications. The average quantity per line item was 1.9 for phone orders as compared to 2.5 for mail orders.

Table 4.1-6

This table provides a further breakdown of phone orders by customer category and document category.

In addition to the summary data presented above, 76 daily tally records maintained by 3015-Programming Branch were collected and used to estimate

	TABI	1.2 4.1-3 DIS	4.1-3 DISTRIBUTION OF MAIL ORDERS RV CUSTOMER AND DOCUMENT CATECORIES.	MAIL, ORDER	S RV CUS	HUMBER	IND DOC	IMENT C	ATPLCOS	TES		Ì			į	
	,	Distributio	Distribution Of Orders			Ord E	der Distri	ribut io	n by Doc M11.	Order Distribution by Document Mil. Spec. Mil. Std	Categ	ory (4	Category (Average)	1 1	DOD Dir.	
CUSTOMER	Total Orders	Total L/I Ordered	Total Qty. Ordered	Avg. No. L/I Per Order	Avg. Qty. Per Order	No. L/I	Qty.	Qty. L/I	No. L/I	qty. qty. L/I	No. E/1	f Qty.	9ty. L/I	No. 1,/I	Qty.	Qey. L/I
Havy	85	454	893	5.0	10.5	4.6	19.	4.1	4.6	8. 1.7	5.8	3 9.2	1.5	6.5	6.5	6.5
Army	43	363	799	1.7	14.1	7.3	10.6	1.4	4.1	10.8 2.5	<u>.</u>	.	ö	ö	ö	ö
Air Force	•	22	97	4.4	9.5	6.5	18.5	2.8	4	4. 1.	<u>.</u>	ė	6	<u>.</u>	ć.	ó
Associated DOD Agencies	27	104	306	3.8	11.3	3.8	16.1	4.1	3.4	5.7 1.6	- 5		2	<u>:</u>	3.0	3.0
Assorted Govt Agencies; Federal and State	•	Ξ	53	2.8	13.2	2.	0.9	3.0	•	.0	<u>.</u>		ó	<u>.</u>	ė	ċ
Corporations, Private Organizations	808	4520	11,571	. 9.5	14.3	4.9	11.1	2.2	4.2	13.4 3.1	1 5.7	7 7.3	1.2	2.7	13.5	4.9
Assorted Mon-Govt Organizations	6 0	35	156	4.3	19.5	٠ <u>٠</u>	204	6.0	1.5	0.4.09	· ·		ó	-2	15.	7.5
Foreign Private Organizations	14	96	239	6.9	17.0	4.4	3.2	4.	2.8	20.8 5.4		. 0.	ó	<u>.</u>	ó	ó
Foreign Military Organizations	=	44	142	4.0	12.9	4.4	18.8	4.2	3.8	6.0 2.1		0.0	· o	6	ö	ö
Totals	1009	5618	14070	5.5	13.9	5.0	11.56	2.9	4.2	12.4 2.9		5.512.1	6.1	6.9	9.6	1.2

[54]	TABLE 4.1-3	J 1	ISTRIBU	TION OF	DISTRIBUTION OF MAIL ORDERS BY CUSTOMER AND DOCUMENT CATEGORIES (Con'd)	DF.RS BY	CUSTOM	R AND	DOCUMEN	r cated	ORIES (Con'd)						
					Ord	er Dist	Order Distribution by Document Category (Average)	a by Do	cument	Categoi	.y (Aver	(age)						
CUSTOMER	Z	NAVINST.			HBK.			QPL.			FED. SPEC.		F	FED. STD.		IBO.	STD. DOC.	8
	No. L/I	Qty.	Qty. L/1	No. L/I	Qty.	Qty. L/1	No. L/1	Qty.	Qty. L/I	No. L/1	Qty.	Qty. L/I	No. L/I	Qty.	Qty. L/I	No. L/I	Qty.	qey. L/1
Navy	3.5	4.7	1.3	3.5	2.5	.7	2.6	9.9	2.5	ö	ö		1.2	1.5	1.2	0.	0.	
Army	•	0		ö		ó	4	2.0	۲.	0.	0	ö	0.	0.		÷	2.0	2.0
Air Force		0.	ö	ö	ò	ó	4	٠,	. 4	6	6		÷	-:	-:		·	o ·
Associated DOU Agencies	. 0	0.	0.	1.5	25.5	17.0	1.3	1.6	1.2	. 0	o.	·	0.	0.	.0	0.	0	
Assurted Govt Agencies; Federal and State	ó	· o	0.		0.	ö	0.		.0		30.	15.	~ :	10.	2.	ö	.0	
Corporations Private Organizations	3.1	4.7	1.5	1.9	2.9	1.5	4.2	8.6	2.3	6.0	11.6	6.1	3.4	.01	2.9	2.3*	11.3	6.4
Assorted Non-Govt Organizations			0.		0.	ó	o o	ö	o.	2.	.:	2.	0.		·	6	ö	ö
Poreign Private Organizations	.0	0.	0.	7.	33.0	4.7		ó	0.		0.	.0	0	ö		0.	•	
Foreign Military Organizations	ö	ó	ö	٠;	6.0	2.4	ó	ö	.0	ó	.0	.0	ò		.0	ö		ó
TOTALS	3.3	4.7	1.4	2.3	8.5	3.6	4.0	9.3	2.2	5.7	11.8	2.0	3.1	8.7	2.8	2.1	10.1	4.7

*Ordered but not issued.

			TABLE	4.1-4	DISTRIBU	TION OF	PHON	E ORD	TABLE 4.1-4 DISTRIBUTION OF PHONE ORDERS BY CUSTOMER CATEGORY	STOME	CATE	30RY								 -
	D1 s	Distribution and Quantity		ers by	of Orders by Line Item	E		Order by No.	Order Distr. by No. of L/I		1 4	trib	ition o	Distribution of Orders by Document Category	s by	Docum	ent Ca	itegor	5	
CUSTONER	Total Order	Percent Total Of Order Orders		Avg. No. L/I Per Order	Avg. No. Total L/I Total L/I Per Qty. Ordered Order Ordered	Avg. Qty. Per Order	Avg. Qty. Per L/1	581.	Mulitple Mil. L/I Spec.	Mil. Spec.	M11.	DIO D	DOD	DOD Direct NAVINST Hbk QPL	Hbk Q	1	Fed B	Fed S	Indu. Std.	No. Of Cat. Per
Navy	^	6.4	10	1.4	119	17.0	1.4	71.	29.	12.5	12.5	·	· o	37.5	0.2	25.0	ö		12.5	=
Агву	'n	3.5	12	2.4	15	3.0	1.2	20.	. 980	16.6	33.3	•	33.3	ė.				16.6		1.2
Air Force	0	6		ö	.	ó	ó	ö	· ·	o.	ö	ò	o.	ö		6	ö			ö
Associated DOD Agencies	•	4.2	14	2.3	24	0.4	1.7	33.	. 99	14.2	42.8 28.5 14.2	28.5	14.2	ö	6			o ·		-:
Assorted Gov't Agencies; Federal and State		1.4	01	5.0	:5	7.5	1.5	0	001	•	100.0	ö			ó	ö	· o		ó	0.1
Corporations Private Organizations	118	83.0	220	1.9	344	2.9	1.6	54.	.94	21.6	63.2	2.4	1.6	9.1	1.6 3.2	3.2		2.4 2.64	2.6*	1.0
Assorted Non-Government Organizations	4	2.8	٠,	1.2	'n	1.2	1.0	75.	25.	•	•	•	0. 50.0	· o	•	25.0 0.	ö	25.0 0.	ö	1.0
TOTALS	142	100	17.1	1.9	522	3.6	1.9	52.8	47.1						}					
							1		1										1	

*Ordered but not issued

	,	7	TABLE 4.1-5 DISTRIBUTION OF PHONE ORDERS BY DOCUMENT CATEGORY	S DIST	RIBUTION	OF PH	ONE OI	RUERS 8	M DOCA	MENT C	ATEGORY					
	Dis	Distribution and Quantity	lon of Orders by Line Item Ity	rs by	Line Item					Distribution	bution o	of Orders	s by Cust	Orders by Customer Category	gory	
DOCUMENT CATEGORY	Total Orders	Percent Total Of Orders Orders	Total L/I Ordered	Avg. No. L/I Per Order	Total Qty. Ordered	Avk. Qty. Per Order	Avg. Qty. Per L/1	Navy	Army	Air	Assoc.	Assort. Govt	Corp./ Private Org.	Corp./ Assort. Private Non-Govt	Fore ten Private	Fore:gn Military
Military Specifications	30	19.4	52	1.7	69	2.3	1.3	3.3	3.3	o.	3.3	e e	0.06	0.	0.	0.
Military Standards		57.7	174	6.1	288	3.2	1.6	Ξ	2.2	9.	3.3	2.2	0.16	0.	0.	ċ
Data Item Descriptions	<u>~</u>	3.2	7	1.4	œ	1.6		·0	0.	ċ.	40.0	ċ	60.09	ċ	· ·	o.
DOD Directives		4.5	7.1	1.7	<u>«</u>	2.5	1.5	0.	28.5	.0	14.2	ċ	28.5	28.5	ė.	.0
Naval Instructions	۰	3.2	7	1.4	115	23.0	3.2	60.09	0.	0.	0.	υ.	40.0	.0	.0	0.
Handbooks	2	1.2	2	1.0	3	1.5	1.5	· ·	Ċ.	ė	Ġ.	ċ.	100.0	°.	٥.	0.
Qualified Products Lists	~	4.5	7	1.6	œ	1.1	:	28.5	o.	0.	O	ċ.	57.1	14.2	.0	.0
Federal Specifications	c	ć	9.	9.	o.	ė.		ċ.	.0	0.	0.	.0	0.	ö	0.	0.
Pederal Standards	۰	3.2	,	1.4	œ	6.1	=	٥.	20.0	ċ	٥.	· 0	60.0	20.0	0.	ö
Industry Standardization Documents	4	2.5	~	۲.	v	1.2.1	 4.	35.0	0.	ė.	ċ	ć.	75.0**	· o	· o	.0
TOTAL	154	100	271		522	3.6 1	1.9									

*Some orders requested more than one document category.

		TABLE	4.1-6	TABLE 4.1-6 DISTRIBUTION OF PHONE ONDERS BY CUSTUMER AND DOCUMENT CATEGORY	10N OF PH	ONE OF	DEKS BY	CUSTO	MER ANI	роспи	ENT CA	FECORY					
		Distrib	Distribution of	f Order				Dist	ributic	o yo u	rder by	, Docu	Distribution of Order by Document Category (Average)	egory	(Aver	age)	
CUSTONER						Ī	Mil. Spec.		Hil	Mil. Std.			010		8	000 Direc.	
CATEGORY	Total Orders	Total Total Total L/I Qty. Orders Ordered	Total Qty. Ordered	Avg. No. Avg Qty. L/I per per Order Order	Avg Qty. per Order	Mo. of (L/1	Quantity	re &	of 6. L/1 &	Quantity per L/I		0€ 0. Qt.	Quantity	Z ĕ Ş	.c. €	Quantity	Oty.
NAVY	l	10	119	1.4	17.0	. 8	8	-	-	~	-	0	~	0	0	0	0
ARHY	S	12	15	2.4	3.0	-		-i	2.5	2.5	ï	0	0	0	1.5	2.5	1.5
AIR FORCE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ASSOCIATED DUD AGENCIES	9	4	24	2.3	3.6	-	-	-	m	6.3	2.1	4		-:	8	2	~
ASSORTED GOVT. AGENCIPS: PRIPRAL AND STATE	8	00	15	5.0	7.5	0	0	•	so.	7.5	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	0
CORPORATIONS PRIVATE ORGANIZATIONS	118	275	344	2.3	3.3	1.7	2.3	1.3	1.8	3.0	1.6	1.6	8	1.2	2.5	4.5	1.8
ASSORTED NON-GOVT. ORGANIZATIONS	4	w	vs.	1.2	1.2	0	0	•	ò	0	0	0	0		0	0	0
TOTAL	142	326	\$22	2.2	3.6	1.7	2.3	1.3	1.9	3.2	1.6	1.4	1.6	Ξ	1.7	2.5	1.5

			TABLE 4	1-6 DI	TABLE 4.1-6 DISTRIBUTION OF PHONE ORDERS BY CUSTOMER AND DOCUMENT CATEGORY (Continued)	V OF PHGA	E ORDE	RS BY (USTOME	R AND E	OCCUMEN	T CATE	GORY (C	Sonting	(pen			
						Order	by Dis	trubiti	on by	Order by Distrubition by Document Category (Average)	t Cate	gory (werage					
		NAVINST.			HRK.			QPL.		FED	FED. SPEC.		FED. STD.	STD.		IND.	STD.	DOC.
CUSTOMER																		
	Νο. 1./1	ήty.	0ty. L/1	No. L/1	Qty.	0ty. L/I	No. L/I	Qty.	Qty. L/I	No. 1./1	Qty.	Qty. L/1	No. L/I	Qty.	Qty. 1/1	No. L/I	Qty.	0ty. 1/1
		,	·			•			,	,	,			.	,		,	,
Navy	<u> </u>		÷ =	0	e c	<u> </u>				o c	o c	- c	-	o ~	> -	- c	7 0	7 0
AL MA	•	>	-	>	>	>	=	D .	>	=	9	>	•	n	-	>	•	>
Air Force	0	0	c	c	0	0	٥	С	0	c	c	0	c	0	0	0	0	0
Associated DOD Agencies	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assorted Govt Agencles; Federal and State	0	0	0	0	c	c	C	c	0	c	د	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Corporations																		
Organizations	1.5	1.5	-	<u>-</u>	1.5	1.5	<i>-:</i>	÷	-	c	0	0	<i>-</i> :	1.3	1.3	1 .5	1.5	0.1
Assorted Non-Govt Organizations	0	c	0	c	0	0	-	2	2	0	c	c	_	-	-	С	0	0
																		_ ~-
									· · · - · · ·									
TOTALS	1.4	23.0	16.0	e. -	1.5	1.5	1.0	Ξ	-:	С	0	С	1.4	1.6	=	1.3	1.6	1.2
*Ordered but not 1saued	1sene,	-																

4-14

the average routine request workload (percent of L/I handled) at various warehouse stations (see Table 4.1-7). Station No. 1 handled 56.4% of the L/I followed by 28.8% for Station No. 11, 12.3% for Station No. 13 and 2.4% for Station No. 14. The average number of daily line items amounted to 3978. In addition, requests for from 25 line items to a full scale class of items were handled as "Special Projects."

		TABLE 4.	5 4.1-7	1-7 DISTRIBUTION OF LINE ITEMS HANDLED BY BIN STATIONS (EXCLUDES "SPECIAL PROJECTS")	F LINE ITER	15 HANDLE	D BY BIN S	TATIONS (EX	CLUDES "	SPECIAL	PROJECTS")			
ORDER	ORDER FREQUENCY					i	STATIC	STATION DISTRIBUTION	NO11					
	Total		Avg.	STATION NO.	NO. 1		STATION SC. 11	E. 11	is .	STATION NO. 13	5, 13		STATION NO. 14	0. 14
ORDERS	1/1	Percent	L/1	Vol. Daily Avg.	Percent	Vol.	Datly Avg.	Peri	Voi	Daily Avg.	Percent	Vol. Daily Avg.	Daily Avg.	Percent
Multiple L/I Orders	286,053	4.46	3763.8	167906 2209.2	2 98.3	80557	1060.0	47.76	32,786 431.3	431.3	88.3	7617	4794 63.0	64.2
Single L/I Orders	16,287	5,4	214.2	2739 36.0	7.7	9240	86.0	٠ <u>.</u>	4,337	57.0	11.7	2662 35.0	35.0	35.8
Totals	302.340	89	3978.0	170645 2245.3	3 56.4	87107	1146.1	28.8	37,123 488.4	488.4	12.3	7456 98.1	98.1	2.4
	1													

Source: Daily Tally Records Maintained by 3015-Programming Branch

4.2 ANALYSIS OF PROCUREMENT HISTORY RECORDS

4.2.1 Introduction

Procurement history records (called Procurement Record Cards) are maintained by NPFC on each of the line items carried. These records are kept manually in about 12 tub files (3' X 5'). Most of these records contain some of the following specific types of information:

- Nomenclature (document identification)
- Document Date
- Number of Pages
- Federal Supply Classification
- Preparing Activity
- Custodian Identification
- Purchase Order Number
- Purchase Request Received at NPFC
- Initial Procurement Quantities and Distribution Data
- Replenishment Actions and Quantities

It should be emphasized that all the record cards do not contain all of the above information. However, most cards did have document identification, document date, initial procurement data and replenishment data.

4.2.2 Objectives of Procurement History Analysis

The data contained in the procurement records were used as a major source of information for the following purposes:

- To estimate the average initial distribution and initial stock level for various document categories.
- To analyze replenishment actions and frequencies by document category and by year.

- To analyze the number and frequency of document revisions and amendments.
- To estimate document age in terms of overall percentage by document category.

4.2.3 Data Collection Methodology

The overall methodology used for collecting the necessary data involved the following major steps:

- 1. A total of 574 records were sampled from the files. The number of sample records picked up for each document category were based on the estimated relative proportion of the number of line items of that document category to the total number of line items of all document categories carried at the NPFC. For those document categories where the number of items picked up using the relative proportion criteria were few, it was decided to increase the number to assure reasonable statistical represensentation.
- 2. From each of the selected records, the following information was extracted:
 - D.cument Category
 - Document Publication Date
 - Number of Pages (if available)
 - Initial Procurement Quantities
 - Initial Stocking Levels
 - Replenishment Action Dates and Quantities

Number of Revisions and Amendments

3. The data extracted from the individual records were summarized appropriately to provide an overveiw of initial procurement and distribution, and replenishment actions in terms of quantities and precentages for individual document categories. Also, pertinent data related to the number and frequency of revisions and amendments was summarized. The results are presented in the following section.

It should be noted that some of the selected records may be for "inactive" line items (i.e., line items no longer carried by NPFC). This would happen if the procurement history records for cancelled line items are not tranferred to another file.

4.2.4 Summarization and Analysis of Procurement Data

Significant information extracted from the procurement records is summarized in the following tables:

- Table 4.2-1 Initial Distribution and Stock Receiving Activities
- Table 4.2-2 Analysis of Replenishment Actions and Frequency
- Table 4.2-3 Analysis of Document Revisions
- Table 4.2-4 Analysis of Document Amendments
- Table 4.2-5 Analysis of Document Age

Explanatory comments and highlights related to initial distribution and replenishment activity are included in the following paragraphs.

Table 4.2-1

Approximately 78.1% of the sampled line items required initial distribution by the NPFC. More than half of the line items under each of

			T.	TABLE 4.2-1 INITIAL DISTRIBUTION AND STOCK RECEIVING ACTIVITIES	INITIAL D	ISTRIBUTI	ON AND ST	TOCK RECEI	VING ACT	IVITIE	SOI.	
DOCUMENT CATEGORY	Records With Inferior N	ith 1 No. Of Line Items Initially Distr.	Qty, Doc. Received at HPFC	qty. Initially Distr.	Percent Of Received Doc.	Qty Stocked	Percent Of Received Doc.	Avg. Qty. Received Per L/I	Initial Distr. Qty. Per L/I	Avg. Stock Qty. Per L/I	Percent Of Sampled L/I Initially Distr.	Percent Of L/I Not Initially Distr.
Military Specifications	212	202	525,259	374,668	71.3	150,591	28.7	2,478	1855	710	95.2	8.4
Military Standards	78	73	162,204	119,490	73.6	42,714	26.4	2,080	1637	548	93.5	6.5
Data Item Descriptions	25	81	109,560	990,66	7.06	10,494	9.6	4,382	5504	420	72.0	28.
Naval Instructions	89	0	16,882	0.0	0.0	16,882	100.0	248	0.0	248	0.0	100
Qualified Products Lists	27	57	92,178	63,709	69.1	28,469	30.9	1,617	1,118	667	100.0	ó
Federal Specifications	54	77	68,685	30,850	44.9	37,835	55.1	1,272	101	701	81.4	777
Federal Standards	=		11,921	8,362	70.1	3,559	29.9	1,084	2,787	324	27.2	72.8
Industry Standardization Documents	77	32	57,262	35,704	62.3	21,558	37.7	1,301	1,116	069	72.7	27.3
TOTAL	549	429 1	1,043,951	731,849	70.2	312,102	29.8	1,902	1,706	895	78.1	21.9

the document categories, with the exception of Navy Instructions and Federal Specifications, required initial distribution. An estimated 70.2% of the total quantity received at NPFC was distributed initially and the remaining 29.8% was for stock only. Average number of copies per line item procured initially amounted to 1902.

Table 4.2-2

As can be seen from this table, only 244 of the total 574 sampled records contained page count information, and average number of pages per document was 14.5. It is interesting to note that only 43.2% of the line items carried by the NPFC required any subsequent replenishment activity (after they were distributed and stocked initially), and the average quantity per replenishment action was 430.

It is also noteworthy that 63.3% of all replenishment actions took place in 1976, 1977 and 1978 as compared to only 23.2% for the years 1973, 1974 and 1975. This degree of variation could be partly explained by the fact that records on many of the line items no longer carried by the NPFC may be purged or transferred to another file. Based on the recent years data, it can be concluded that, on average, about 20% to 23% of the line items are replenished every year. This means that the vast majority of the line items are replenished approximately once every 4.5 to 5 years. For those line items that were replenished (i.e. 43.2% of the line items), the average number of replenishment actions per line item was 1.5.

Table 4.2-3

About 59.7% of the documents sampled were revised one or more times with 28.2% of those revised requiring one revision, 24.4% requiring two revisions, 18.3% requiring three revisions and 28.4% requiring more than three revisions. It should be noted that 74.7% of the Military Specifications and 83.5% of the Military Standards required revision.

		·	IABLE 4	.2-2	ANALYS	IS OF E	RPLEN	VISHPEN	TABLE 4.2-2 ANALYSIS OF REPLENISHMENT ACTIONS AND FREDUENCY	S AND	FREGUEN	25						!	
	Document	Page	Count	oc.	eplenish Actions	Replenishment Actions	2	plenis	Replenishment Frequencies	equenc	les	Replen	Replenishment Action Distribution by	Action	n Dist	rtbut	d not	y Year	
DOCUMENT CATECORY	No. Of Records Sampled	Records With Page Ct. Indicated	Avg. Page Ct. Range	1	No. Line Items Repl. Repln.Action	Repl.	Ratio Of P Repl. Per L/I R	Percent Of L/I Repin.	Total Qty Repin.	Avg. 1 Qty Per 1 Repin.	tange Of Repln. Qty	Prior 1969 1	1969-70 71-72 73-74	71-72	13-74	22	92	87 77	_
Military Specifications	229	88	14.1 1	-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -	1 901	571	1.6	46.2	66,050	377.4	377.4 200-	r.	13.1	9.1	12.5	6.1	17.1	12.5 6.1 17.1 16.5 23.4	4.
Military Standards	67	32	19.6	172	31	36	1.1	39.0	14,700		474.1 100-	2.7	2.7	5.5	5.5	2.7	13.8 4	2.7 13.8 47.2 19.4	7.6
Data Item Descriptions	2	60	4.2 1	1 H	6	16	1.7	36.0	5,600		329.4 100-	c	0	0	0	0	18.0 5	18.0 58.0 23.5	3.5
Naval Instructions	72	77	5.2 1	80	34		2.0	47.0	42,062		592.4 50-	0	0	0	8.6	28.1	21.1	9.8 28.1 21.1 18.3 22.5	2.5
Qualified Products	57	33	2.3 1		50	22	:	35.0	7,500	340.9	340.9 1,100	0	o .	0	0	18.1	27.2	18.1 27.2 22.7 31.8	80.
Federal Specifications	\$2	9	4.5 1	=======================================	90	20	1.6	54.0	27,845		556.9 200-	2.0	2.0	4.0	::	æ 0.	14.0	8.0 14.0 32.0 19.0	0.6
Federal Standards	=	0	0	•	6	01	1.1	81.0	1,600	1,600 160.0 100-	-007	o	0	10.0	0	70.0	0	0	20.0
Industry Standardization Documents	46	23	5.7	1-16	6	=	1.2	19.0	2,900	- 1	100-	0	0	0.6	19.0 18.0	18.0	9.0	9.0 18.0 27.0	7.0
TOTAL	574	244	10.01	127	248	391	. <u>.</u>	43.2	168,257		50- 430.3 4,500	~	9.9	5.6	10.7	12.5	17.0	10.7 12.5 17.0 23.4 22.9	2.9

			TABLE 4.2	TABLE 4.2-3 ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENT REVISIONS	OF DOCUMEN	NT REVISION	rol			
		Document Revisions	tons			Per	cent of Doc	Percent of Documents with Revision	Revision	
DOCUMENT CATEGORY	No. Of Record Sampled	No. Of Documents Revised	Percent Revised	No. Revision	One Revision	Two Revision	Three	Four	Five Revision	Stx Or Nore Revision
Military Specifications	229	171	74.7	25.3	26.9	25.7	21.0	8.7	7.6	9.6
Military Standards	- 79	99	83.5	16.4	28.7	25.7	12.1	12.1	0.9	15.1
Data Item Descriptions	52	10	40.0	60.0	5.0	10.	30.	10.	ė.	ö
Naval Instructions	72	35	48.6	51.4	42.8	28.5	14.2	11.4	17.1	0.0
Qualified Products Lists	57	6	6	ó	ė,	6	9	ő	ċ	ó
Pederal Standards	11	v o	54.5	45.5	100.0	•	.0	ó	ö	6
Industry Standardization Documents	99	14	30.4	9.69	14.2	28.5	28.5	7.1	7.1	14.2
Federal Specifications	- 55	41	74.5	25.5	24.3	19.5	17.0	7.3	14.6	17.0
TOTALS	574	343	59.7	40.3	28.2	24.4	18.3	9.3	8.7	10.4

Table 4.2-4

Only about 10.1% of the line items sampled were amended one or more times with 51.7% of those requiring one amendment, 22.4% requiring two amendments, 20.6% requiring three amendments and the rest requiring more than three amendments. Only 2.5% of the Military Standards required amendments as opposed to 16.5% of Military Specifications.

Table 4.2-5

Of all the documents sampled, about 50.4% were published in the years 1975 through 1978. The lower percent of publications (9.4%) for 1978 can be largely explained by the fact that the data was collected in November, 1978. Based on this explanation and the data for recent years, it can be safely stated that about 13% to 14% of the total are new documents introduced into the NPFC each year. In other words, an average age of the vast majority of documents is about 7 to 8 years.

		TABLE 4.2-4 ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENT AMENDMENTS	S OF DOCUMENT	AMENDHENTS			
TKENEDOC	Document	Document Amendments		Percent o	of Documents with Amendments	Amendments	
CATEGORY	No. Of Documents AMDT.	Percent AMDT.	No ADPT.	First ADMT.	Second ADMT.	Third ADMT.	Fourth Or More ADMT.
Military Specifications	38	16.5	83.4	55.2	21.0	18.4	5.2
Military Standards	2	2.5	97.5	100.0	ė.	.0	°.
Data Item Descriptions	· 0	•	100.0	ó	ó	•	.0
Naval Instructions	ó	ó	100.0	ó	.0		· o
Qualified Products Lists	4	7.0	93.0	25.	25.	25.	25.
Pederal Specifications	ı.	20.0	80.0	27.2	36.3	36.3	ó
Federal Standards	ċ	•	100.0	10.1	ö	ó	ó
Industry Standardization Documents	m	6.5	93.5	100.0	ó	o	<i>i</i>
TOTALS	28	10.1	89.8	51.7	22.4	20.6	5.1

		ا - د	TARLE	1 6.2-5 1	MALYSIS	TARLE 6.2-5 ANALYSIS OF INCUMENT AGE	TENT AGE				
DOCUMENT											
	Records	Prior To 1970	1970	161	1972	1973	1974	1975	9261	1977	1978
Military Specifications	229	20.5	5.6	6.1	5.2	9.6	7.8	13.1	12.6	1.7	7.4
Military Standards	62	16.4	1.7	5.0	10.1	10.1	7.5	18.9	12.6	10.1	5.0
Data Item Descriptions	25	ö	ò	4.0	16.0	4.0	12.0	12.0	20.0	24.0	9.0
Naval Instructions	12		4.1	1.1	6.9	4.1	6.9	19.4	13.8	13.8	8.3
Qualified Troducts List	57	5.2	ó	5.2	5.2	7.0	1.7	8.7	14.0	17.5	35.0
Federal Specifications	. 82	16.3	6.	1.2	5.4	20.0	9.0	12.7	16.3	5.4	5.4
Federal Standards	=	45.4	9.0	ó	9.0	0.	9.0	ó	6	27.2	0.0
Industry Standardization Documents	97	6.5	6.5	10.6	10.8	ċ	9.6	15.2	15.2	21.7	4.3
ТОТАL	574	15.3	4.1	6.7	7.1	8.5	7.4	14.1	13.5	13.4	9.4

4.3 DOCUMENT MORPHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS

4.3.1 Introduction

The document morphological analysis focused on identifying the characteristics of the warehouse controlled document categories stocked by NPFC. Analysis of documents required identifying selected elements that describe document characteristics and selection of sample documents for data extraction. Documents utilized for morphological analysis were ordered as part of the Requisition Receipts Analysis effort. The number of documents selected in each category approximately reflect the proportion of line items stocked for that category to the total line items stocked for all document categories.

4.3.2 Objectives of Morphological Analysis

The analysis of morphological elements was conducted to provide a characterization of the stocked document base by document category.

The objectives of the analysis effort were:

- Identification of morphological characteristics by document category.
- Development of the necessary baseline information required to examine alternative printing technologies.
- Identification of significant variations in the document morphological characteristics between document categories.

4.3.3 Data Collection Methodology

Documents utilized for the morphological analysis were requisitioned from existing NPFC stock. The number of line items requisitioned for each document category was based on the relative proportion of that category to the total

^{*}Refers to the physical characteristics of the documents, including their contents.

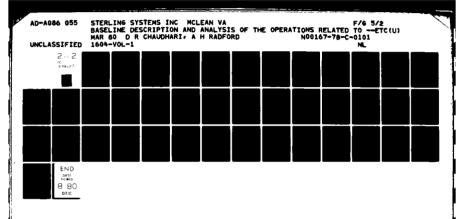
of warehouse controlled line items. A total of 281 documents were examined. The document categories and respective percentages from Table 4.3-1 are:

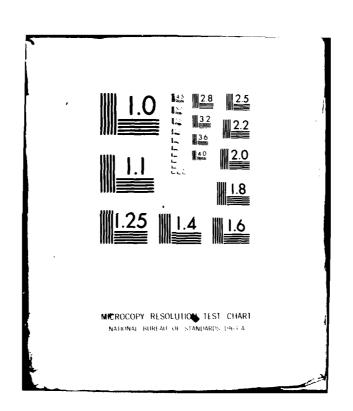
Category	Percent Of Sample
Military Specifications	45.1%
Military Standard	16.3%
Data Item Descriptions	7.4%
Naval Instructions	7.1%
Qualified Products Lists	7.8%
Federal Specifications	11.0%
Federal Standards	5.3%

This distribution of document categories reflects the material examined, and is not necessarily in proportion to the actual number of line items stocked. Requisitions were placed without consideration of line item content. and, as a consequence, a percentage of the material received was not suitable for the proposed analysis (e.g., Federal Standards: Color Chips).

Specific types of information extracted from each document inlouded:

- Document type and preparing activity
- Cover material
- Document dimensions and binding method
- Inserts and foldouts
- Technical line drawings
- Number of tables by type (Text vs. Numeric)
- Number of photographs and illustrations





- Type of print
- Column layout
- e Printed area size
- Number of lines and characters per inch
- Page count
- Percent composition of document in terms of text, tables, illustrations and line drawings.

All sampled documents were examined for the above listed items and appropriate information was extracted.

The extracted information was summarized and is presented in the Document Morphological Analysis Tables 4.3-1 to 4.3-4. The data was summarized to provide composite characterizations by document category. In addition, analysis of print characteristics and density was compiled by document category, as reflected in Tables 4.3-4 and 4.3-5.

The extraction of data required documents to be individually reviewed and categorized. Those document categories not examined were excluded from the analysis due to restrictions on distribution. The excluded categories were Association/Society Documents, Classified Documents and some Naval Instructions.

4.3.4 Summary of Morphological Analysis

Significant information extracted from the document morphology analysis is summarized in the following tables:

Table 4.3-1 Document Morphological Analysis - Physical Structure

Table 4.3-2 Document Morphological Analysis - Document Content

Table 4.3-3 Document Morphological Analysis - Composition

Content

Table 4.3-4 Document Morphological Analysis - Content Distribution and Character Estimation.

A summary of the major finding is provided in the following paragraphs.

Table 4.3-1 Physical Structure

Of the documents examined, 91.8 percent did not have covers separate from the document binding or Text content. The most common binding method used was staple and drill, 54.8 percent, and drill only with 19.9 percent. About 12 percent of the documents examined did not have any format binding.

Documents with outside edge dimensions less than 8.5×11.0 inches constituted 74.0 percent of the sample. The majority of all the documents examined had outside dimension ranging from 7.5" to 8.0" x 10.5" to 11.0". The outside dimension of 24.5 percent of the documents examined exceeded 8.5×11.0 inches.

Military Specifications and Naval Instructions were the categories of documents with foldout material. Of the total sample, 2.4 percent of the documents had foldout material. The average page count for the total sample was 14.7 pages per document, ranging from a 2.3 page average for Data Item Descriptions to a 29.3 page average for Military Standards

	 	BLE 4.3-1	DOCUMENT	TABLE 4.3-1 DOCUMENT MORPHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS; PHYSICAL STRUCTURE	CAL ANALYS	IS:PHYS	ICAL STE	LUCTURE					į	
	SAFLE	aų.	COVER MATERIAL. (PERCENT.)	TERTAJ.	BINDING		METHOD	(PERCENT)		DIMPNSIONS (PERCENT)	ONS NT)	FOLDOUTS	SE	PAGE
DOCUMENT	NUMBER OF DOCUMENTS	PERCENT OF SAMPLE	NO SEPERATE COVER	PAPER COVER ATTACHED	STAPLE 6 DRILL	DRILL ONLY	POLD	NO BINDING	DRILL 6 FOLD	LESS THAN: 8.5 x	8.5 x 11.0	PERCENT	PERCENT	AVER- AGE NO. OF PAGES
MILITARY SPECIFICATIONS	127	45.1	100.0	0.	76.3	14.9	3.1	2.3	3.1	54.3	45.7	4.7	95.3	15.6
HILITARY* STANDAIDS	45	16.0	51.0	0.64	51.0	&	o ·	17.7	22.2	82.2	17.8	ó	100.0	29.3
DATA ITEM DESCRIPTIONS	21	7.4	100.0	ó	4.7	61.9	ė	. 8.	23.8	100.0	ö	ó	100.0	2.3
NAVAL INSTRUCTIONS	70	7.1	100.0	ċ	15.0	250		30.0	30.0	100.0	· ·	5.0	95.0	13.8
QUALIFIED PRODUCTS LISTS	22	7.8	100.0	°°	13.6	36.3	ó	50.0	•	100.0	6	ó	100.0	3.1
PEDETAL SPECIFICATIONS	.	11.0	100.0	ö	70.9	12.9	ė.	ó	16.1	87.0	13.0	ó	100.0	11.9
FEDERAL STANDAIDS	ដ	5.3	100.0	ċ.	33.3	20.0	ė	26.6	20.0	100.0		ò	100.0	4
TOTAL	281	100	91.8	8.2	54.8	19.9	1.4	12.0	11.7	74.0	24.5	2.4	97.6	14.7

*Includes all categories/formats of Military Standards

Table 4.3-2 Document Content

The content of documents was categorized as:

- Tables (Numeric and Text)
- Print Type
- Column Layout
- Technical Drawings
- Illustrations
- Photographs

As is illustrated in Table 4.3-2, all document categories sampled had tables, with primarily text content tables constituting 51.1 percent of all tables. Overall, 35.2 percent of the documents examined did not have any tables, and 33.8 percent had 3 or fewer.

Two modes of print type were noted, conventional print type constituting 96.7 percent of the documents reviewed, and computer generated print comprising 2.3 percent. Reduced print type comprised 56.9 percent of all conventional print mode, and .03 percent of computer generated print.

The layout of print columns was primarily vertical, 96.4 percent, with horizontal or a mixture of horizontal and vertical occurring in 3.6 percent of the sample.

Technical line drawings were found in all document categories except Data Item Descriptions, Naval Instructions and Federal Standards. Of all the documents examined, 78.2 percent were without any drawings and an additional 16.0 percent had less than 3 drawings. Illustrations appeared in all document categories except Qualified Products Lists, with 36.7 of the examined documents containing some form of illustration. Military Specifications and Standards were the only two document categories with reproduced photographs. Reproduced photographs were found in 22.2 nercent of Military Standards and .07 percent of Military Specifications.

				ŀ		1								
		T.	TABLE 4.3-2 DOCHENT HORPHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS-DOCHENT CONTENT	DOCUME	NT MOR	PHOLOG	ICAL A	ALYSIS-DO	CUMENT CO	NTENT				
			TABLES PER DOCUMENT (PERCENT)	DOCUM	ž.				PRINT TYPE (PERCENT)	88 C		8	COLUNE LAYOUT	
DOCUMENT	AVG. NO. PRIM	E	PRIMARLY		1			TYPED		COMPUTER			TV O LL BROSS	TATHCZIROH
	PER	TROOM!		0	1-3	4-10 10+	\$ 1	FULL SIZE	REDUCED	FULL SIZE	REDUCED	HOLLZON IAL VERTICAL	VERNICAL	VERTICAL
Military Specifications	3.4	41.9	58.1	31.4	32.2	29.1	7.0	48.0	50.3		1.5	.00	97.6	1.5
Military Standards	4. 80.	77.8	22.2	51.1	22.2	24.4	2.2	26.6	0.09	2.2	11.1	4.4	93.3	2.2
Data Item Descriptions		· ·	100.0	95.2	8.	ö	·	28.5	68.1	ö	ó	8.	95.2	0.0
Maval Instructions	æ.	41.1	58.9	0.09	25.0	10.0	5.0	40.0	55.0	5.0	•	5.0	85.0	10.0
Qualified Products Lists	2.5	63.6	%	ò	85.0 10.0		5.0	27.2	72.8	ò	ö	ó	100.0	ċ
Federal Specifications	0.4	4.09	39.6	9.6	54.8	35.4	3.2	41.9	58.1	ó	ö	ö	0.001	0
Federal Standards	.33	90.0	20.0	73.3	26.7	ö		40.0	0.09	•	6	ö	100.0	•
												:		
Totals	-	51.1	48.9	36.2	35.8	22.4	5.6	39.8	58.9	1.0	.3	1.5	96.4	2.1
	4						1							

		8	CURENT	HORPHOT.OC	TCAL ANA	DOCUMENT MORPHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS: (TABLE 4.3-2 CONTD.)	E 4.3-2	CONTD.)				
	Technical Line Drawings Per Document (Percent)	Ine Dra	wings Pe	r Docume	at	Illust	Illustrations Per Document (Percent)	Per Docu	ment		BLACK	BLACK & WHITE PHOTOS PERCENT
CATEGORY	Avg. No. Per Document	•	£-1	4-10	104	Avg. No. Per Document	0	1	4-10	\$ 1	Doc. With Photos	Doc. Without Photos
Military Specifications	.92	76.3	18.8	4.7	•	1.0	60.0	22.8	14.1	2.3	.00	99.3
Military Standards	2.4	8.8	33.3	15.5	2.2	1.7	68.8	20.0	9.9	4.4	22.2	77.8
Data Item Descriptions	ó	100.0	ö	ö	.0	. 9	90.5	9.5	•	ö	ó	
Naval Instructions	ó	100.0		ö	.0	2.5	70.0	20.0	5.0	5.0	ö	.0
Qualified Products Lists	Ġ	90.0	5.0	5.0	ó	o ·	ö	•	•	•	ó	ó
Federal Specifications	8 2.	80.6	16.1	3.2	6	.80	74.1	16.1	9.6	ö	ö	ċ
Pederal Standards	ó	100.0	ö	ó	6	.73	80.0	9.9	13.3	ċ	ċ	ė
TOTAL		78.2	16.0	5.3	.03	1.0	63.3	17.7	9.6	2.1	3.9	96.1

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Table 4.3-3 Composition Characterization

The composition of documents was analyzed by examining the utilization of printed area, and text density. Overall, 64.4 percent of the documents utilized a printed area of 8x6 inches. Lines of text per measured inch was determined, with 35.5 percent of all documents having 6 lines per inch and 26.3 percent of the documents with 7 lines per inch. A count of printed characters per measured horizontal inch indicated that 61.9 percent of all documents had 12 or more characters per inch.

Table 4.3-4 Content Distribution and Character Estimation

Table 4.3-4 provides a summary analysis of document composition by category. Documents examined were assessed for the relative distribution of text, tables, technical line drawings and illustrations. A composite summary by document category was derived to illustrate the composition of an average document within the category.

The distribution by document category of text content ranged from 35.2 percent for Qualified Products Lists to 95.3 percent for Data Item Descriptions. The distribution of tables indicated a range of 4.7 percent for Data Item Descriptions to 64.8 percent for Qualified Products Lists.

Military Specifications and Military Standards were the document categories that included technical line drawings. Naval Instructions and Qualified Products Lists did not include illustrations. The range of illustrations amongst other document categories was .40 percent for Federal Specifications to 15.0 percent for Military Standards.

Printed area utilization exceeded 75.0 percent for all document categories, with a range of 75.0 percent for Qualified Products Lists to 95.0 percent for Federal Specifications. In addition to assessing the utilization of printed area, an average number of characters per document category was developed. The average number of characters by document

		TAI	TABLE 4.3-3 DOCUMENT MORPHOLOGICAL ANALYSIS:) DOCUME	NT MOR	PHOLOC	ICAL A	ISATASI	1 1	OMPOSIT	COMPOSITION CONTENT	ENT					
Lindyniayyd	Percen With P	Percent of Documents With Printed Area	uments rea		ercent	of D	Percent of Documents with Lines Per Inch	s wit	ء				Perce	int of	Percent of Documents with Horizontal Characters Per Inch	its with	Inch
CATEGORY	8x6	7×9	7x7	* ×	4	'n	6 7	60	6	å	.× .×	80	•	2	=	13	‡ 21
Military Specifications	70.0	28.3	1.7	.07	2.3	3.1	35.4 27.5 20.4 8.6	.5 20	4 8.6	1.5	۲.	3.1	8.6	14,9	11.0	19.6	41.7
Military Standards	60.0	37.7	2.3	6	2.2	•	26.6 26.6 26.6 15.5 2.2	.6 26	.6 15.	5 2.2	4.4	2.2	ö	17.71	11.1	19.7	4.4.
Data Item Descriptions	33.3	9.99	•	· ·	19.0 4.7		33.3 42.8	8. 0		•	· 0	ö	19.0	4.7	19.0	19.0	38.0
Naval Instructions	85.0	15.0	ö	<u>.</u>	5.0	•	55.0 35.0		5.0 0.	•		ö	ó	30.0	25.0	25.0	20.0
Qualified Products Lists	12.7	27.3			ö	ö	27.2 22.7 36.3 13.6	.7 36	,3 13.	9	•	ö	13.6	9.0	13.6	13.6	20
Federal Specifications	51.6	29.0	19.3	6	ö		41.9 9	9.6 48.3	.3 0.	· ·	3.2	•	4.9	3.2	19.3	12.9	54.8
Federal Standard	60.0	40.0	•	0	ö	ö	40.0 20.0 40.0	.0 40	.0	6	•	•	ċ	2.0	ó	46.6	33.3
TOTAL	9.49	32.3	3.2	.35	3.2	1.7	35.5 26.3 24.1 7.4	.3 24	.1 7.4	1.0	1.4	1.7	7.1	14.2	13.1	20.6	41.9
						ŀ											

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	TABLE 4.	3-4 DOCUMENT NO	RPHOLOGY ANALYSE	S – CONTENT DIST	TABLE 4.3-4 DOCUMENT MORPHOLOGY ANALYSIS - CONTENT DISTRIBUTION AND CHARACTER ESTIMATION	FER ESTIMATION	
		PERCENT	DISTRIBUTION OF	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF DOCUMENT CONTENT	E-	CHARACTER-PRINT ESTIMATION	IT ESTIMATION
CATEGORY	AVERAGE NUMBER OF PAGES	TEXT	TABLES	TECHNICAL LINE DRAWINGS	ILLUSTRATIONS	AVERAGE PRINTED AREA	AVERAGE NUMBER OF CHARACTERS PER DOCUMENT
Military Specifications	15.6	74.2	15.2	9.9	4.0	87.4	28,087.0
Military Standards	29.3	55.2	11.2	. 18.6	15.0	85.1	25,460.0
Data Item Description	2.3	95.3	4.7	ó	Ö	94.2	12,857.0
Meval Instructions	13.8	78.7	8.5	ö	12.5	83.0	23,059.0
Qualified Products Lists	3.1	35.2	. 88.	ó	ó	75.0	4,666.0
Pederal Specifications	11.9	95.2	3.3	ċ	4.	95.0	36,265
Pederal Standards	7,	86.0	7.6	ö	4.	77.0	7,844.3
Totals	14.7						

category ranged from 4,666 for Qualified Products Lists to 36,265 for Federal Specifications. The utilization of printed area and average number of characters indicated a significant correlation by document category.

4.4 RECEIPT OF REQUISITIONS

4.4.1 Introduction

One hundred and eight orders (108), requesting a total of 488 line items, were placed for documents identified as stocked by the NPFC. The volume and selection of document categories was based on those enumerated in the Procurement Record Files and DODISS. Requisitions were mailed to the NPFC over a period of six weeks in groups of five orders, each order containing about five line items.

4.4.2 Objectives of Document Requisition Analysis

The objective of analyzing the requisition process was to assess:

- Overall duration of requisition process, from mailing of orders to receipt of requested items
- NPFC processing time
- Completeness of requisitions filled
- Identification of exceptions to requisition processing.

In addition, the requisitions were placed to assess the accuracy of procurement records and to provide the documents required for morphological analysis.

4.4.3 <u>Data Collection Methodology</u>

As noted, requisitions were placed for line items stocked at NPFC. Line item stock numbers were obtained from the sampled procurement records and DODISS. The number of line items requested under each document category reflect approximately the relative proportion of line items under that

category to all line items stocked. All requisitions were submitted by using DD-1425 Document Requisition Forms. Specific information extracted on each requisition placed to NPFC included the following:

- Order Characteristics
 - -Date order placed
 - -Date order received at NPFC
 - -Date processing completed by NPFC
 - -Date requested material received at the requisitioning source
- Document Characteristics
 - -Document category
 - -Number of amendments
- Processing Characteristics
 - -Number of line items ordered
 - -Number of line items received
 - -Restrictions (Code B, E or Other)
 - -Additions and changes
 - -Bin Station code

Computation of NPFC processing time and overall duration of requistion processing time were computed using dates stamped on each order (by 411-Mail and File Administration and Packing Station), the order mailing date and the actual date the order was received. NPFC processing time is measured in terms of actual working days while overall duration is measured in calendar days. Document category and number of amendments identified requisitioned material, amendments requisitioned as part of a document were compared for reconciliation to amendments received. The reconciliation of number of line items ordered and received provided an indication of NPFC's effectiveness.

4.4.4 Analysis of Requisition Receipts

Summary results are presented in Requisition Receipt Analysis Tables 4.4-1 and 4.4-2. The maximum response period for any given order was 28 calendar days, with 27.2 percent of orders received within 14 days, 26.8

percent within 15 to 21 days and 15.7 percent within 22 to 28 days. NPFC processing time, measured in working days, encompassed a maximum of 5 days, with 35.2 percent of the requisitions processed within 1 day, 47.0 percent within 2 days, 7.8 prcent within 3 days and the remaining 9.8 percent within 5 days. Of the total requisitions placed, 13.8 percent were not provided due to procedural regulations or sponsor restrictions, and 17.2 percent were not received.

Examination of Table 4.4-2 indicates the provision of line items requisitioned. Of the total 488 line items requisitioned, 0.4 percent were out of stock (Code B) and 2.6 percent were not stocked (Code E) by NPFC. Line items requisitioned and restricted constituted 15.3 percent, while line items requisitioned and not received comprised 17.2 percent of total line items requested.

Of the requisitions placed, one (1) was received with material not requested and one with incorrect material substituted for requested documents. The majority of requisition were received as single postal packages, with 8.0 percent received as multiple packages.

Four requisitions improperly coded or identified were forwarded to NPFC. Of the five incorrectly coded line items, only one was not provided, the remaining four were correctly deciphered and provided within ten working days.

Total	Percei	nt of Orde	rs Recei	ved Wit	hin Specifie	d Days	Percent	t of O	rders	Proce	sséc	Within	n Specified Day
Order	1-14	15-21	22-28	Over 28	Percent Of Orders Not. Rec.	Percent Restricted	Total	ı	2	3	4	5	Over 5
30	27.2						18	35.2					
29		26.8	<u> </u>				24		47.0	Ì			
17	1	ſ	15.7				4		ĺ	7.8		1	i
17	j				15.7		5			Į		9.8	
15						13.8							
108							51						

			T	able	ц.	4-2	REQU	<u> 15171</u>	ON RE	CEIPT A	MALYSIS						
Order		Out o	f Stock,	Code	В	Not	Stocked,	Code	E	Oth	er Restr	iction	18		No Ac	tion	by NPFC
Total Orders	Total No. Of L/I Ordered	No. Of Orders	Z Of Orders	No. Of L/I	t of	No. Of Order	% Of Orders	Mo. Of L/I	2 Of L/I	No. Of Orders	% Of Orders	No. Of L/I	z of L/I	No. Of Orders	I-Of Order	No. Of L/I	% Of L/I
108	488	2	1.8	2	الج	13	12.0	14	2.6	15	13.8	75	15.3	17	15.7	84	17.2

4.5 SURVEY OF NPFC CUSTOMERS

4.5.1 <u>Introduction</u>

In order to identify and charaterize the NPFC customer base a survey was conducted of selected organizations. These organizations were identified through a random examination of orders received at 3015-Programming Branch.

Organizations selected for the survey were chosen to provide a balanced sample of large and small corporate customers since they account for about 80 percent of orders. In addition to the mail survey, seven representatives of the organizations were contacted by telephone or in person.

4.5-2 Objectives of Customer Survey

The method of the survey was to facilitate the following objectives:

- Identification of document categories requisitioned
- Estimation of document quantities demanded
- Assessment of customer perception of NPFC service and document quality.

4.5.3 <u>Data Collection Methodology</u>

Surveyed organizations were selected from orders received at 3015-Programming Branch. Sixty seven organizations were contacted, sixty by mail survey, and seven by interview or telephone.

The questionnaire requested information in four categories:

- General information about the organization
- Documents and quantities ordered from NPFC

- Order particulars and NPFC responsiveness
- Miscellaneous (order frequency and document format requirements).

Respondents were requested to provide information about the organization, staffing, sales, nature of business and organizational affiliations. Information regarding document categories utilized, volume and frequency of requisition, reason for requisitions and NPFC service responsiveness were requested. In addition to specific response questions, respondents were provided an opportunity to comment on their experience with the service and make suggestions for procedural changes.

4.5.4 Analysis of Survey Responses

At the time of the reports preparation about 30 percent of the mailed surveys had been returned. Combined with the seven interviews conducted, the total response to inquiries constituted a limited sample of 25. As a result of the limited response, the analysis is restricted to an overall assessment of customer service perceptions.

Organizations responding to the survey included manufacturing entities, service firms, research and development firms, other DOD contractors and educational organizations.

The majority of organizations were independent entities (52 percent), and the remaining were affiliated with large corporations. Staffing ranged from less than 100 to more than 2,000. Sales volume ranged from less than one million to more than twenty-five million dollars annually.

Military Specifications and Standards constituted the majority of document categories ordered. Federal Specifications and Standards, Data Item Descriptions and Qualified Products Lists categories were also ordered frequently by the users. All customers indicated that the majority of orders were placed by mail. Approximately half of the respondents indicated that they had telephoned requisitions occasionally.

The majority of respondents indicated that orders were completed and returned within 3 weeks, the remaining balance were received within 4 to 5 weeks with a small proportion received after 6 weeks. Of the orders processed, respondents indicated that the orders were completely filled approximately 75 percent of the time. Orders partially filled were due primarily to Out of Stock (Code B) or Non-Stocked (Code E) material. Incorrectly filled orders (orders received with the wrong material) occurred infrequently, but was mentioned by two of the interviewed respondents.

The quality of documents received was judged satisfactory by 49.0 percent of the respondents and highly satisfactory by the remaining 51.0 percent. Service assessment indicated that approximately 50 percent were satisfied most of the time, and 30.0 percent considered the service as fair.

The primary reason for ordering documents was indicated to be for specific contract or project use, with orders for multiple contract use and for library stocking constituting a substantial proportion of all orders placed. All respondents indicated that the preferred format of documents was printed, and the majority also indicated that they had access to microfiche readers.

Due to the limited amount of responses received, the analysis was necessarily restricted to an evaluation of surveys based on a general review of responses. The interviews conducted indicated an overall positive response to the service provided, qualified by inquiries at obtaining more information from NPFC on services and questions about the back order and stock status procedures.

4.6 ANALYSIS OF PHYSICAL TRACKING OF REQUISITION PROCESSING

4.6.1 Introduction

Requisition tracking was initiated to identify the activities and times associated with processing orders received at NPFC. Requisitions received by mail and telephone were identified and included in the analysis.

4.6.2 Analysis Objectives

The tracking of orders was conducted to supplement and support operations descriptions, and to characterize the activities necessary to process a requisition. Analysis objectives included:

- o Measurement of processing times by branch.
- o Identification of branches and stations involved in typical order processing.
- o Characterization of activities required to process the orders by branch or station.

4.6.3 <u>Data Collection Methodology</u>

A Requisition Tracking Form designed by Sterling was attached to requisitions selected for tracking at 411-Mail and File Administration Branch for mail orders, and at 1052-RISE-Customer Service for telephone orders.

A total of 200 orders (160 mail orders and 40 telephone orders) were selected. Mail orders were to be selected and tracked in groups of 50 for each of the 4 days. Telephone orders were selected at a rate of 10 a day for 4 days. Selection of specific requisitions was staggered over the working hours of the day to minimize any processing distortions.

As the selected requisitions passed through various branches and stations, employees were instructed to annotate the attached tracking form. The information posted to the form included:

- o Branch-section or station code
- o Time/date received and completed
- o A concise activity description
- o Branch-section or station forwarded to.

Forms received at packing stations were also annotated for time and date of completion.

4.6.4 <u>Summary Analysis of Tracking of Requisitions</u>

The tracking of 200 requisitions resulted in 142 completed processing forms (25 telephone and 117 mail orders) for analysis. Requisitions utilizing the DD-1425 order form comprised 92.9 percent of the sample, with the remaining balance utilizing the DD-1348. As a consequence, the majority of tracked orders were placed for warehouse controlled material.

Four branches and the four bin stations were identified:

- o 411-Mail and File Administration
- o 1051-Customer Service Division-STAR Section
- o 1052-Customer Service Division-RISE Section
- o 3015-Programming Branch
- o Bin Stations 1, 11, 13, and 14.

All requisitions passed through 411-Mail and File Administration, and Customer Service 1051 STAR Section or 1052 RISE Section. Of the orders tracked, 4.9 percent were rejected by 105-Customer Service staff due to lack of sufficient information on request, and the balance of 95.1 percent passed on to 3015-Programming Branch and Bin Stations for processing.

Table 4.6-1

Telephone orders were processed within an average of about 5 hours 37 minutes, with 72.0 percent processed on the same day. The longest time elapse occurred between bin station activity and packing, averaging about 3 hours and 27 minutes.

Mail orders were processed within an average of about 18 hours and 2 minutes, with 10.2 percent completed on the same day. The primary processing delay, as with telephone orders, occurred between bin stations and packing, averaging about 6 hours and 34 minutes.

Processing time by branches averaged about 1 hour and 48 minutes, with 3015-Programming Branch averaging 14.33 minutes and 1052-RISE Section averaging about 5 hours for mail orders and 45 minutes for processing telephone orders. Bin station processing time averaged about 21.19 minutes, with station 11 processing the largest proportion of orders and averaging 26.57 minutes per order.

			min.)	5:37	18:02	
		Packing Delay	min.)	6.10 6.36 11.75 3:27	6:34	
	ATION	1	14	11.75	13.0	
	S ST	c.Tim 013(M	13 14	6.36	6.50	
	BRANCH	Avg.Proc.Time Station-3013(Min.)	F		26.57	
	E PER	Sta	1	5.0	28.72	
SSING	ING TIM		3015	45.0 14.65	14.33	
REQUISITION PROCESSING	AVG. PROCESSING TIME PER BRANCH & STATION*	c.Time (Min.)	1052	0.54	299.75 14.33 28.72 26.57 6.50 13.0	
UISITIO	AVG.	Avg.Proc.Time Branch (Min.)	1051	ı	8.0 11.91 92.93	
			411	ı	11.91	
TABLE 4.6-1		Order Request Form	1348	0		7.1
TABL			1425	100.0	92.0	92.9
	ORDER	% Compl. Same	Day	72.0	10.2	21.1
	OR	Total Orders	neju.	0	5.9	6.4
		Total Orders		25	117	142
		ORDER		Phone Orders	Ma11 Orders	TOTALS

*Time based on working hours.

4.7 ESTIMATION OF CURRENT DEMAND BY CUSTOMER AND DOCUMENT CATEGORIES (ROUTINE ORDERS)

This section attempts to estimate the current demand from routine orders (approximately 55% of total requisition demand for warehouse controlled material) in terms of the following specific items:

- a. By Customer Category
 - Number of orders per year
 - Number of line item requests per year
 - Number of copies of documents demanded per year
- b. By Document Catergory
 - Number of line item requests per year
 - Number of copies of documents demanded per year
 - Number of pages demanded per year

The basic data used for developing these estimates comes from the following sources.

- 1. Order analysis summaries (Section 4.1)
- 2. Document morphology analysis summaries (Section 4.3)

The estimated demand results by customer category are summarized in Table 4.7-1 and those by document category are summarized in Table 4.7-2.

Significant routine order demand highlights* are summarized below:

- Number of orders processed per year 321,048
- Number of line item requests per year 1,445,316
- Number of document copies per year 3,541,150
- Number of pages per year 58,761,316

It should be noted that the maximum number of line item requests were for Military Specifications (586,799) followed by Military Standards (508,751).

^{*}Based on 1978 order data since the study was conducted during that year

	TABLE 4,7-1		ESTIMATED ANNUAL DESIAND BY CUSTOMER CATEGORY (ROUTINE ORDERS)	ORY (ROUTINE ORDERS)		
CATEGORY	PERCENT DISTRI- BUTION OF TOTAL ONDERS	ESTIMATED NO. OF ORDERS PER YEAR	AVERAGE No. OF L/I PER ORDER	ESTIMATED NO. OF L/I REQUESTS PER YEAR	AVG. QUANTITY PER ORDER	ESTIMATED DEMAND PER YEAR
HAVY	4.8	26,970.0	3.84	103,438.0	12.42	334,927
ARM	9.4	14,770.0	29.67	83,727.0	10.73	158,448
AIR PORCE	4.	1,285.0	4.20	5,397.0	9.5	11,822
ASSOCIATED DOD AGENCIES	3.0	9,631.0	3.34	32,154.0	80.6	87,412
ASSORTED GOVT AGENCIES: FEDERAL AND STATE	ņ	963.0	3.38	3,257.0	11.45	11,027
CORPORATIONS AND PRIVATE ORGANIZA- TIONS	90.0	257,794.0	4.52	1,166,131.0	10.84	2,793,739
ASSORTED NON- COVERDMENT ORCANIZATIONS	r.	2,250.0	3.91	0.286.6	13.95	192,18
POREIGN PRIVATE ONCANIZATIONS	1.3	4,175.0	9.80	28,390.0	17.00	70,975
POREICH MILITARY ORGANIZATIONS	1.0	3,210.0	4.00	12,840.0	12.90	41,409
TOTALS	100.0	321,048.0	4.49	1,445,316.0	10.77	3,541,150

	TABLE 4.7-2		DEMAND BY DOCHENT O	ESTINATED ANRUAL DEWAND BY DOCUMENT CATEGORY (ROUTINE ORDERS)	183)	
DOCUMENT	PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF LINE ITEMS REQUESTE	ESTIMATED No. OF LINE ITEMS REQUESTED PER YEAR	AVERAGE QUANTITY PER LINE ITEM	ESTIMATED QUANTITY PER YEAR	AVERAGE No. OF PACES PER DOCUMENT	ESTIMATED NO. OF PAGES DEMANDED PER YEAR
						·
MILITARY SPECIFICATIONS	9.0%	586,799.0	1.92	1,128,649.0	15.6	17,606,924
MILITARY STANDARDS	35.2	508,751.0	2.50	1,272,539.0	29.3	37,285,393
DATA ITEM DESCRIPTIONS	2.7	39,024.0	1.80	69,997.0	2.3	160,993
DOD	3.0	43,359.0	1.29	55,777.0	13.8	769,723
MAYAL INSTRUCTIONS	1.7	24,570.0	1.94	47,563.0	13.8	, 696, 369
HANDBOOKS	1.4	20,234.0	2.96	59,876.0	1	•
QUALIFIED PRODUCTS LISTS	\$.6	137,305.0	1.86	255,854.0	. 3.1	793,147
PEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS	3.4	49,141.0	. 2.0	96,282.0	11.9	1,169,556
FIDERAL STAMBARDS	2.2	31,797.0	2.28	72,548.0.	. +.	319,211
INDUSTRY STANDARDIZATION DOCUMENTS	ŗ.	4,35.0	3.76	16,286.0	•	•
TOTALS	100.0	1,445,316.0	2.2	3,212,215.0	1	58,761,316

5.0 OBJECTIVES AND MEASURES OF PERFORMANCE

5.1 Introduction

As mentioned earlier, NPFC is a complex organization as reflected by the range of its activities as well as size. Effective management and monitoring of such an organization and its performance is a relatively difficult task. One of the tools available to management to identify potential areas for improvement and analyze feasible alternatives is the use of properly designed performance measures that can gauge operational effectiveness on a continuous basis.

A number of performance measures are currently used by NPFC. The significant among these performance measures include:

- Percent of orders filled (includes partially filled orders)
- Workload backlog measures (e.g. number of man-days work available, number of man-days work completed, etc.)
- Number of line items backlogged
- Use of standard activity times
- Ratio of standard man-days to actual man-days used.

These measures are appropriate and adequate in assessing the performance of some branches and operational activities. The purpose of this section is to identify and suggest additional measures for the consideration of NPFC management, that can supplement and complement the existing ones.

5.2 Objectives of Performance Measurement

The fundamental objectives behind NPFC performance measurement can be summarized as follows:

- 1. To inform management of operational performance in different activity areas on a continuing basis.
- 2. To identify specific areas, functions and activities requiring review and corrective action by management to improve operational effectiveness and efficiency.
- 3. To pinpoint specific methods and procedures requiring improvement or alternative approaches.
- 4. To identify and detect trends that indicate deficiencies in the proper utilization of organizational resources.
- 5. To provide a basis for reviewing the applicability of technological advances in processing orders, stocking and retrieving documents and controlling overall operations.
- 6. To accurately reflect operating conditions and satisfy NPFC's external reporting requirements.
- 7. To provide basis for long-range planning of NPFC operations and assist in prioritizing existing needs and utilization of resources.

5.3 <u>Suggested Measures of Performance</u>

A number of different performance measures in various functional or activity areas are suggested in this section that can be profitably used by NPFC management. These measures are intended to discern trends and identify causes so that management can take corrective action in a timely

manner. A few of the suggested measures are currently utilized by NPFC in somewhat different form (e.g. Percent of Orders Filled or Annual Disposal Volume in measurement tons and cubic feet).

Table 5.3-1 lists significant performance measures for the following major areas:

- Operational Effectiveness
- Staff Productivity
- Inventory Management (inlouding warehouse activities).

For the measures listed, definitions are provided along with their relevancy and usefulness to NPFC. In many instances, variations of the listed measures could be developed and utilized profitably.

Table 5.3-1 Summar	y of Significant Performance Measures	s by Activity Area (Continued)
Performance Measure by Area	Definition of Derivation	Relevancy/Usefulness of the Measure
 Operational Effectiveness a. Number of Orders Processed per Manhour 	Total orders processed per week or month divided by the number of man-hours expended for the same period.	-Measures the overall labor productivity at NPFC or Branch or operation level -Identifies trends for management analysis and action
		-Provides a means to validate some time standards with problems
b. Dollar Cost per Order Filled	Total \$ cost of all the activities associated with order processing divided by number of orders processed.	-Measures efficiency of operation To provide a basis for proper balance between somewhat contradictory objectives of supply effectivness and supply economy -Perform trend analysis -Enables comparison against plans and budget estimates for varying volume levels
c. Average Processing Time (Working Days or Hours)	Can be estimated by tracking order from receipt at NPFC to shipping out by NPFC of all requested items	-Measures promptness of supply action at NPFC, Branch or operation level -Measures responsiveness to customer needs
		-Identifies average stay (in hours and percentages) at each of the Branches or work stations.
		-Can identify trends and pinpoint areas requiring corrective management action

Table 5.3-1 Summer	ary of Significant Performance Measures	res by Activity Area (Continued)
Performance Measure by Area	Definition or Derivation	Relevancy/Usefulness of the Measure
d. Overall Requisition Filling Time (Calendar Days)	It can be estimated through customer survey by measuring average number of elapsed days from mailing of order to receipt of requested items by the customer.	-Identifies level of customer satisfaction -Provides a basis to assess the effective- ness of means used for mailing of orders and documents
2. Staff Productivity a. Actual vs. Standard Hours	Compare actual hours spent for a given work volume against the corresponding standard hours.	-Determines staff productivity -Identifies trends -Provides basis for management actions to improve efficiency by correcting underlying causes -Helps identify time standards needing management review and revisions, where necessary -Provides basis for budget preparation and cost allocation

Table 5.3-1 Summary	y of Significant Performance Measures	es by Activity Area (Continued)
Performance Measure by Area	Definition or Derivation	Relevancy/Usefulness of the Measure
3. Inventory Management a. Percent of Orders Completely Filled	A ratio of total orders completely filled divided by total number of orders received, excluding rejections because of DOD restrictions.	-Reflects overall operational effectiveness and mission readiness -Determines customer satisfaction
		-Identifies trends and alerts management to analyze specific causes of non-filled orders for corrective action
b. Percent of Line ItemsFilled (Supply Availability Rate)	A ratio of line items supplied to total line items requested.	-Same usefulness as above, except that this measure would be more precise than the above and can supplement it
		-Provides basis for analyzing cuases (Code B, Code E, Other Restrictions)
c. Percent of Requisitions (or Line Items) on Back Order	A ratio of requisitions (or line items) not filled because of out-of-stock condition to total received.	-Lower percentage reflects better mission readiness and effectiveness -Provides basis for analyzing causes of back
		orders and prompts corrective action -Back orders indicate need for duplication of some activities
		-Measures customer satisfaction
d. Aging of Back Orders	Breakdown of back orders or line items not supplied by days or weeks in waiting.	-Indicates the severity of the problem and need for specific corrective actions.

Table 5.3-1 Summary	of Significant Performance Measures	by Activity Area (Continued)
Performance Measure by Area	Definition or Derivation	Relevancy/Usefulness of the Measure
e. Warehouse Refusal Rate	A ratio of line items can not be supplied by the warehouse to the total line items requested of warehouse (or stocked in warehouse).	-Measures degree of compatibility between stock records and material actually stocked in the warehouse -Also reflects the ability of warehouse persons to locate the items, if in stock
		-Pinpoints descrepancies between recorded stocks and actual stocks, where applicable -Measures trends and prompts management action
f. Warehouse Space Utilization	Can be estimated by dividing cubic feet equivalent of actual document storage with the total cubic feet storage available.	-Measures the effectiveness with which overall space and individual bins are utilized -Identifies areas for management actions to improve utilization through better layout
g. Disposal Rates	A ratio of number of line items (or pages) disposed off to the corresponding number of total line items (or pages) stocked.	and equipment le items -Identify overall wastage and trends to the total line -Pinpoints causes for appropriate management action within and without NPFC
		-Provides basis for management planning

6.0 RECOMMENDED BASELINE MODIFICATIONS

6.1 Introduction

Observation and analysis of NPFC operations and methods indicates the need for review of some existing procedures. The recommendations enumerated in the following sections have been organized by functional areas and focus on:

- Requisition Processing
- Reporting Activity
- Administration

6.2 Objectives of Recommendation for Baseline Modifications

The recommended baseline modifications enumerated are to facilitate the mission and enhance the effectiveness of NPFC. The objectives included:

- Improve NPFC responsiveness to customers
- Facilitate activities in processing customer requisitions
- Develop administrative procedures to improve the management of activities.

6.3 Criteria for Baseline

Analysis of operations required a comprehensive examination of existing procedures, a review of current activity and an assessment of service provision effectiveness.

Specific modifications were identified as a result of the analysis effort and were reviewed with respect to the specific deficiencies and potential

benefits. Evaluation of recommendations was governed by:

- Expediency of modification implementation
- Impact of modifications on existing operations
- Potential benefits derivable from implementation

The recommended modifications reflect the outlined criteria and can be implemented with relatively minor impact on current procedures.

6.4 Summary of Suggested Baseline Modifications

The suggested modifications outlined in Exhibit 6.1 focus on NPFC operations related to warehouse controlled material. The scope of the recommendations encompass the administration, processing and evaluation of activities related to the distribution and control of line items managed.

Recommendations focus primarily on the control and management of line items, quantities of material and replenishment activity. The recommendations emphasize the necessity to establish a comprehensive inventory and stock management procedure that will facilitate control of material distribution and storage. The significant activity areas identified are replenishment, assessment of requisition demand and analysis of inventory. The requisition procedural modifications requires the establishment of a comprehensive information collection and reporting system. The primary elements of such a system are identified in the listed recommendations.

Recommendations focusing on the present Data Collection/reporting system are provided. It is important to recognize that the reporting methods currently utilized have evolved over the years.

lifications	Specific Problems and Deficiencies Corrected and Potential Benefits	Existing data collection does not provide necessary data and does not adequately indicate requisitioned volume or content. Improved collection of germane information would facilitate management control of processing activity, demand projections and procurement actions.	Existing restrictions reduce service provision effectiveness and are inconsistently applied, elimination would improve service response.	Reduction of redundant orders placed by customer and improved accuracy of actual order count by subsequent reduction.	Customers notified of line items stocking status and location or source would be better served.	
Summary of Suggested Baseline Modifications	Justification	Required data on requisition quantity and demand by document category will be available.	Analysis of orders indicates that an average order requested 5.5 line items. Existing restrictions seem to be unnecessary, ineffective and are unenforced.	Frequent backorder actions and lack of current reconciliation procedure.	Frequency of non-stocked actions and lack of current reconciliation procedure.	
Exhibit 6-1	Baseline Modification	1. Requisition Processing a. Need to Collect Information on Order Particulars at Customer Service Division	b. Revise or Eliminate Restrictions on Quantity of Line Items Ordered	c. Notifying Customer of Backorder Status (Code B Requisitions)	d. Notifying Customers of Non-Stocked Line Item Status (Code E Requisi- tions)	

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Exhibit	6-1	Summary of Suggested Baseline Modifications	cations (Cont'd)
Baseline Modification	ion	Justification	Specific Problems and Deficiencies Corrected and Potential Benefits
e. Establishment of a priority schedule for processing warehouse material requisi- tions	priority ssing requisi-	Lack of priority cited as a major limitation to service by customers.	Inability to respond to customer require- ments, improved service to customers with need for material within a specified time period.
f. Revise document restriction procedure, inform customer of specific information required for release of line item by document category		Existing distribution restrictions are ambigious and require clarification. Existing written procedure does not sufficiently explain requirements for issue.	Restrictions on document issue are ambiguous and cause delay in processing customer requisitions. Reduction of processing time and attendant customer inquiries would improve service responsiveness.
g. Establish referral or information service (Customer Service telephone operators)	telephone	Provision of information on services will improve NPFC response capability.	Existing procedure for referral inadequate, information on service procedure and requirements not consolidated. Centralization of referral and information function would enhance consistency of customer-NPFC interaction and subsequently improve service provision.

ications (Cont'd)	Specific Problems and Deficiencies Corrected and Potential Benefits	Reporting systems are not standardized for intra-department or division use. Activity by units presently documented in formats that restrict comprehensive assessment. Standardized reporting format system would enhance management of unit activity.	Reduce error in activity measurement and enhance management of manpower resources.	Inability of existing procedures to provide quantitative measure of service effectiveness. Establishment of a comprehensive system would provide a data base sufficient to determine resource allocation by Managers and focus on activity or service deficiencies requiring attention.
Summary of Suggested Baseline Modifications	Justification	Existing reporting procedures have not been substantively revised for many years. Current procedures have evolved and have become unnecessarily complex without providing sufficient viable information to justify efforts currently expended on them.	Examination of existing procedure indicates present production reporting hours are not representative of actual allocation.	Examination of existing reporting system indicates need to clarify accounting for processed requisitions. Revised procedure must account for total, partial and order elements not completed.
Exhibit 6-1	Baseline Modification	2. Reporting of Operational Activity a. Development of a standardized reporting format; reporting format to provide a summary of organizational unit activity by primary function.	b. Revise existing reporting procedure of man-hours allocation to reflect actual hours expended by function/activity	c. Reporting of requisitions processed: Development of a reporting format that summarizes processed requisitions by organization unit involved

Exhibit 6-1	Summary of Suggested Baseline Modi	Baseline Modifications (Cont'd.)
Baseline Modification	Justification	Specific Problems and Deficiencies Corrected and Potential Benefits
3. Administration a. Requisition Demand Measure- ment and Reporting.	Existing reporting system and method of assessing orders for warehouse controlled material does not provide management with data sufficient to assess demand.	Inability to determine demand for material and, consequently, reduced control over procurement activities. Recording demand characteristics will improve management control of procurement activity and will facilitate determination of requisitioning patterns.
b. Tracking of Demand and Procurement Activity.	Identification of line item demand patterns will facilitate identification of material replenishment requirements.	Existing procedure determining line item demand assumes a replenishment amount of about 30 percent of the initial stock sent to NPFC. Demand history by document category will provide a quantitative basis for determining replenishment amounts.
c. Establishment of Concurrent Procurement Records	Procurement records constitute primary source of line item demand data. Revision of existing file organization to reflect status of line item (active vs. non-active) by document category will facilitate document replenishment activity.	Existing procurement records encompass a substantial number of records requiring review of replenishment level. Establishment of a file organization that groups line items by document category and demand patterns will facilitate replenishment activity, reduce potential over stocking and disposal volumes.

Summary of Suggested Baseline Modifications (Cont'd.)	Specific Problems and Deficiencies Corrected and Potential Benefits	Existing records and inventory methods preclude accurate inventory computation. Improved inventory control resulting from periodic count will facilitate replenishment activity, reduce errors in stocking level and consequently reduce disposal volumes.		
	Justification	Reconciliation of procurement activity, disposal and DODISS information. Provide management with current inventory status.		
Exhibit 6-1	Baseline Modification	d. Establish a mechanism for periodic count of line items and stock quantity by bin station assignment.		

7.0 STUDY CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Most of the significant recommendations, based on our observations and brief review of NPFC operations, are summarized in Section 6 - Recommendations for Baseline Modifications. This section lists significant conclusions and is intended to supplement the recommendations included in the preceding section.

A few noteworthy conclusions include the following:

- The potential for improving NPFC operations related to processing of warehouse controlled material seems to be substantial. This could be achieved by streamlining existing operational methods and procedures, and through mechanization of many order processing activities and inventory management/ control functions.
- 2. The potential for application of demand printing technologies on a selective basis is considerable. Some of the document categories (e.g., QPL's and specifications) could lend themselves to digital storage through the use of scanner technology. Once the capabilities of the available technologies are assessed in view of NPFC's requirements, specific cost-benefit analyses may have to be performed to identify particular document categories, and possibly some demand characteristics based subgroups within each category, that will lend themselves to demand printing.
- The UADPS-SP accounting and reporting system did not always provide the in-depth and detailed data required to achieve the desired results of the study.

Specific areas in which additional management and study efforts are recommended include the following:

1. Current bin assignment criteria and warehouse space utilization needs to be reviewed and analyzed to maximize their inherent economic value and facilitate order processing activities.

- 2. There is a need to develop time standards for activities and operations currently lacking in that respect. These standards should be periodically reviewed and updated to reflect operational changes. Enforcement of realistic standards can help management in improving productivity.
- 3. Management and cost-benefit analysis of certain areas need to be performed prior to their mechanization or automation to ensure that all relevant factors are considered, and that implementation decisions are economically and functionally sound.

It should be emphasized that the focus of this study effort was to develop baseline description of operations and characterize NPFC's customer and document bases rather than perform a thorough operations and management audit of NPFC. Therefore, the scope and content of the conclusions and recommendations included in this report should be viewed and judged in that context.

ACRONYM LIST

- 1. AAA- Authorization Accounting Activity
- 2. ASO- Aviation Supply Office
- 3. CODE B- Document Temporarily Out of Stock
- 4. CODE E- Document Not Stocked at NPFC
- 5. COG I- Cognizance Symbol for "OI" Publications and "II" Forms
- 6. DID- Data Item Description
- 7. DOD- Department of Defense
- 8. DODISS- Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards
- 9. DPS- Defense Printing Service
- 10. ICP- Inventory Control Point
- 11. IDA- Integrated Disbursing and Accounting
- 12. ILP- International Logistics Program
- 13. L/I- Line Item
- 14. NPFC- Naval Publications and Forms Center
- 15. NPPSO- Navy Publications and Printing Service Office
- 16. NSA- National Security Agency
- 17. Q.P.L.- Qualified Product Lists

DATE FILME